

**ACADEMIC REGULATIONS (R-25)
COURSE STRUCTURE
AND
DETAILED SYLLABI**

**M.Tech Regular (Full Time) Two Year
Degree Programme**

(For the Batches Admitted From the Academic Year 2025-2026)

**Department of Computer Science
and Engineering**



**SRI VENKATESWARA COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING &
TECHNOLOGY (AUTONOMOUS)**

**Accredited by NBA, New Delhi, Accredited by NAAC, Bengaluru |Affiliated
to JNTUA, Ananthapuramu, Recognized by UGC under 12(B) & 2(F) |
Approved by AICTE, New Delhi)**

**R.V.S. NAGAR, TIRUPATI ROAD, CHITTOOR- 517 127 (AP)-INDIA
Website: www.svcetedu.org e-mail: hodcse@svcetedu.org**

FOREWORD

The autonomy conferred Sri Venkateswara College Engineering and technology by JNT University, Ananthapuramu based on performance as well as future commitment and competency to impart quality education. It is a mark of its ability to function independently in accordance with the set norms the monitoring bodies UGC and AICTE. It reflects the confidence of the affiliating University in the autonomous institution to uphold and maintain standards it expects to deliver on its own behalf and thus awards degrees on behalf of college. Thus, an autonomous institution is given the freedom to have its own curriculum, examination system and monitoring mechanism, independent of the affiliating University but under its observance.

Sri Venkateswara College of Engineering and Technology is proud to win the confidence of all the above bodies monitoring the quality in education and has gladly accepted the responsibility of sustaining, the standards and ethics it has been striving for more than a decade in reaching its present standing in the arena of contemporary technical education.

As a follow up, statutory bodies like Academic Council and Boards of Studies are constituted with the guidance of the Governing Body of the College and recommendations of the JNTUA, Ananthapuramu to frame the regulations, course structure and syllabi under autonomous status.

The autonomous regulations, course structure and syllabi have been prepared after prolonged and detailed interaction with several expertise solicited from academics, industry and research, to produce quality engineering graduates to the society.

All the faculty, parents and students are requested to go through all the rules and regulations carefully. Any clarifications needed are to be sought at appropriate time and with principal of the college, without presumptions, to avoid unwanted subsequent inconveniences and embarrassments. The cooperation of all the stake holders is sought for the successful implementation of the autonomous system in the larger interests of the college and brighter prospects of engineering graduates.

Principal

Vision, Mission, Quality Policy of the Institute Vision

- To carve the youth as dynamic, competent, valued and knowledgeable professionals who shall lead the Nation to a better future and to mould the institution into a Academic Excellence and Advanced Research.

Mission

- To provide quality education, student-centered teaching- learning processes and state-of-art infrastructure for professional aspirants hailing from both rural and urban areas.
- To impart technical education that encourages independent thinking, develops strong domain of knowledge, own contemporary skills and positive attitudes towards holistic growth of young minds.

Quality policy

Sri Venkateswara College of Engineering and Technology strides towards excellence by adopting a system of quality policies and processes with continued improvements to enhance student's skills and talent for their exemplary contribution to the society, the nation and the world.



Vision and Mission of the Department under R25 Regulations

Department Vision:

- To develop as a Centre of Excellence in the diverse areas of Computer Sciences through teaching, innovation, research and collaboration there by addressing the challenges of emerging needs.

Department Mission:

- Produce globally competent professionals in through delivering knowledge in emerging technologies of computer science to solve real world problems.
- Develop domain and research skills that enable them to undertake challenging careers and pursue Higher Education.
- Imbibe morals and values among students for developing a strong professional etiquette and with a zeal for continuous learning.
- Create an ecosystem for faculty to develop further in domain competence, research aptitude and pedagogical skills.
- Develop infrastructure and facilities for different academic and research activities.



SRI VENKATESWARA COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

(AUTONOMOUS)

R.V.S. NAGAR, CHITTOOR-517 127, ANDHRA PRADESH

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

PROGRAMME EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES

PEO1: To produce post graduates who can contribute in research and development to the advancement of computer science and engineering.

PEO 2: To Engage in professional practices to promote the development of innovative systems and optimized solutions.

PEO3: To develop team work capability so that they can work on multidisciplinary projects and exhibits high level of professional and ethical values.

PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

PSO1: Ability to take up higher studies, Research& Development and Entrepreneurships in the modern computing environment.

PSO2: Analyze software products, processes in a systematic way by applying problem solving skills and employable in product-oriented Industry.

ACADEMIC REGULATIONS R-25, COURSE STRUCTURE AND DETAILED SYLLABI

**M.TECH REGULAR (Full-Time) TWO YEAR DEGREE PROGRAMME
(FOR THE BATCHES ADMITTED FROM THE ACADEMIC YEAR 2025-26)**

MASTER OF TECHNOLOGY



SRI VENKATESWARA COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY (AUTONOMOUS)

**Accredited by NBA, New Delhi & NAAC, Bengaluru | Affiliated to JNTUA,
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Website: www.svcetedu.org

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SRI VENKATESWARA COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY
(AUTONOMOUS)
(AFFILIATED TO JNTUA, ANANTAPUR)
ACADEMIC REGULATIONS – R25
MASTER OF TECHNOLOGY (M. TECH)
REGULAR (Full-Time) TWO YEAR POST GRADUATE DEGREE PROGRAMME
(Effective for the students admitted into I year from the Academic Year
2025-26 and onwards)

Sri Venkateswara College of Engineering and Technology (Autonomous), offers **Two** Years (Four Semesters) full-time Master of Technology (M.Tech.) Degree programme, under Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) in different branches of Engineering and Technology with different specializations.

The Jawaharlal Nehru Technological University Anantapur, Ananthapuramu shall confer M.Tech Post Graduate degree to candidates who are admitted to the Master of Technology Program and fulfill all the requirements for the award of the degree.

1. Applicability :

All the rules specified herein, approved by the Academic Council, shall be in the force and applicable to the students admitted from the Academic Year 2020-2021 onwards. Any reference to "College" in these rules and regulations stands for SVCET.

2. Extent: All the rules and regulations, specified hereinafter shall be read as a whole for the purpose of interpretation. As and when a doubt arises, the interpretation of the Chairman, Academic Council shall be final and ratified by the Academic Council in the forthcoming meeting. As per the requirements of statutory bodies, Principal, Sri Venkateswara College of Engineering College shall be the Chairman, Academic Council.

3. Award of the M.Tech. Degree

A student will be declared eligible for the award of the M.Tech. degree if he/ she fulfils the following:

3.1 Pursues a course of study for not less than two academic years and not more than four academic years.

3.2 Registers for 70 credits and secures all 70 credits.

4 Students, who fail to fulfil all the academic requirements for the award of the degree within four academic years from the year of their admission, shall forfeit their seat in M.Tech. course and their admission stands cancelled.

5 Programme of Study:

The following M.Tech. Specializations are offered at present in different branches of Engineering and Technology in the institution:

Sl. No.	Discipline	Name of the Specialization	Code
01	Civil Engineering	Structural Engineering	20
02	Electrical and	Power Electronics & Electrical	54

	Electronics Engineering	Drives	
03	Mechanical Engineering	CAD / CAM	04
04	Electronics and Communication Engineering	VLSI Design	57
05	Computer Science and Engineering	Computer Science & Engineering	58
06		Data Science	32

and any other specializations as approved by AICTE/University from time to time.

6 Eligibility for Admissions:

- 6.1** Admission to the M. Tech Program shall be made subject to the eligibility, qualification and specialization prescribed by the A.P. State Government/University from time to time.
- 6.2** Admissions shall be made either on the basis of either the merit rank or Percentile obtained by the qualified student in the relevant qualifying GATE Examination/ the merit rank obtained by the qualified student in an entrance test conducted by A.P. State Government (APPGECET) for M.Tech. programmes/an entrance test conducted by University/on the basis of any other exams approved by the University, subject to reservations as laid down by the Govt. from time to time.

7 Programme related terms:

- 7.1 Credit:** A unit by which the course work is measured. It determines the number of hours of instructions required per week. One credit is equivalent to one hour of teaching (Lecture/Tutorial) or two hours of practical work/field work per week.

Credit definition:

1 Hr. Lecture (L) per week	1 credit
1 Hr. Tutorial (T) per week	1 credit
1 Hr. Practical (P) per week	0.5 credit

- 7.2 Academic Year:** Two consecutive (one odd + one even) semesters constitute one academic year.

- 7.3 Choice Based Credit System (CBCS):** The CBCS provides choice for students to select from the prescribed courses.

8 Programme Pattern:

- 8.1** Total duration of the of M.Tech. programme is two academic years
- 8.2** Each academic year of study is divided into two semesters.
- 8.3** Each Semester shall be of 22 weeks duration (inclusive of Examinations), with a minimum of 90 instructional days per semester.
- 8.4** The student shall not take more than four academic years to fulfill all the academic requirements for the award of M.Tech. degree from the date of commencement of first year first semester, failing which the student shall forfeit the seat in M.Tech. programme.
- 8.5** The medium of instruction of the programme (including examinations and

project reports) will be in English only.

8.6 All subjects/courses offered for the M.Tech. degree programme are broadly classified as follows:

S. No.	Broad Course Classification	Course Category	Description
1.	Core Courses	Foundational & Professional Core Courses (PC)	Includes subjects related to the parent discipline / department / branch of Engineering
2.	Elective Courses	Professional Elective Courses (PE)	Includes elective subjects related to the parent discipline/ department/ branch of Engineering
		Open Elective Courses (OE)	Elective subjects which include inter-disciplinary subjects or subjects in an area outside the parent discipline which are of importance in the context of special skill development
3.	Research	Research methodology & IPR	To understand importance and process of creation of patents through research
		Technical Seminar	Ensures preparedness of students to undertake major projects / Dissertation, based on core contents related to specialization
		Cocurricular Activities	Attending conferences, scientific presentations and other scholarly activities
		Dissertation	M.Tech. Project or Major Project
4.	Audit Courses	Mandatory noncredit courses	Covering subjects of developing desired attitude among the learners is on the line of initiatives such as Unnat Bharat Abhiyan, Yoga, Value education etc.

8.7 The college shall take measures to implement Virtual Labs (<https://www.vlab.co.in>) which provide remote access to labs in various disciplines of Engineering and will help student in learning basic and advanced concept through remote experimentation. Student shall be made to work on virtual lab experiments during the regular labs.

8.8 A faculty advisor/mentor shall be assigned to each specialization to advise students on the programme, its Course Structure and Curriculum, Choice of Courses, based on his competence, progress, pre-requisites and interest.

8.9 Preferably 25% course work for the theory courses in every semester shall be conducted in the blended mode of learning.

9 Attendance Requirements:

- 9.1** A student shall be eligible to appear for the external examinations if he/she acquires i) a minimum of 50% attendance in each course and ii) 75% of attendance in aggregate of all the courses.
- 9.2** Condonation of shortage of attendance in aggregate up to 10% (65% and above and below 75%) in each semester may be granted by the College Academic Committee.
- 9.3** Condonation of shortage of attendance shall be granted only on genuine and valid reasons on representation by the candidate with supporting evidence
- 9.4** Students whose shortage of attendance is not condoned in any semester are not eligible to take their end examination of that class.
- 9.5** A stipulated fee shall be payable towards condonation of shortage of attendance.
- 9.6** A student will not be promoted to the next semester unless he satisfies the attendance requirements of the present semester. They may seek re-admission into that semester when offered next.
- 9.7** If any candidate fulfils the attendance requirement in the present semester, he shall not be eligible for readmission into the same class.
- 9.8** If the learning is carried out in blended mode (both offline & online), then the total attendance of the student shall be calculated considering the offline and online attendance of the student.

10 Evaluation – Distribution and Weightage of Marks:

The performance of a student in each semester shall be evaluated subject - wise (irrespective of credits assigned), for a maximum of 100 marks for theory and 100 marks for practical, based on Internal Evaluation and End Semester Examination.

- 10.1** There shall be five units in each of the theory subjects. For the theory subjects 60 marks will be for the End Examination and 40 marks will be for Internal Evaluation.
- 10.2** Two Internal Examinations shall be conducted for 30 marks each, one in the middle of the Semester and the other immediately after the completion of instruction. First mid examination shall be conducted for I & II units of the syllabus and second mid examination for III, IV & V units. Each mid exam shall be conducted for a total duration of 120 minutes with 3 questions (without choice) each question for 10 marks. Final Internal marks for a total of 30 marks shall be arrived at by considering the marks secured by the student in both the internal examinations with 80% weightage to the better internal exam and 20% to the other. There shall be an online examination (TWO) conducted during the respective mid examinations by the college for the remaining 10 marks with 20 objective questions.
- 10.3** The following pattern shall be followed in the End Examination:
 - 10.3.1** Five questions shall be set from each of the five units with either/or type for 12 marks each.
 - 10.3.2** All the questions have to be answered compulsorily.
 - 10.3.3** Each question may consist of one, two or more bits.

10.4 For practical subjects, 60 marks shall be for the End Semester Examinations and 40 marks will be for internal evaluation based on the day-to-day performance.

The internal evaluation based on the day-to-day work-10 marks, record-10 marks and the remaining 20 marks to be awarded by conducting an internal laboratory test. The end examination shall be conducted by the examiners, with a breakup mark of Procedure-10, Experimentation-25, Results-10, Viva- voce-15.

10.5 There shall be a **Technical Seminar** during I year II semester for internal evaluation of 100 marks. A student under the supervision of a faculty member, shall collect the literature on a topic and critically review the literature and submit it to the department in a report form and shall make an oral presentation before the Project Review Committee consisting of Head of the Department, supervisor/mentor and two other faculty members of the department. The student has to secure a minimum of 50% of marks, to be declared successful. If he fails to obtain the minimum marks, he has to reappear for the same as and when supplementary examinations are conducted. The Technical seminar shall be conducted anytime during the semester as per the convenience of the Project Review Committee and students. There shall be no external examination for Technical Seminar.

10.6 There shall be Mandatory **Audit courses** in I & II semesters for zero credits. There is no external examination for audit courses. However, attendance shall be considered while calculating aggregate attendance and student shall be declared to have passed the mandatory course only when he/she secures 50% or more in the internal examinations. In case, the student fails, a re- examination shall be conducted for failed candidates for 40 marks every six months/semester satisfying the conditions mentioned in item 1 & 2 of the regulations.

10.7 A candidate shall be deemed to have secured the minimum academic requirement in a subject if he secures a minimum of 40% of marks in the End Examination and a minimum aggregate of 50% of the total marks in the End Semester Examination and Internal Evaluation taken together.

10.8 In case the candidate does not secure the minimum academic requirement in any of the subjects he/she has to reappear for the Semester Examination either supplementary or regular in that subject or repeat the course when next offered or do any other specified subject as may be required.

10.9 The laboratory records and mid semester test papers shall be preserved for a minimum of 3 years in the respective institutions as per the University norms and shall be produced to the Committees of the University as and when the same are asked for.

11 Credit Transfer Policy

As per University Grants Commission (Credit Framework for Online Learning Courses through SWAYAM) Regulation, 2016, the Institution shall allow up to a maximum of 40% of the total courses being offered in a particular Programme in a semester through the Online Learning courses through SWAYAM.

- 11.1** The Institution shall offer credit mobility for MOOCs and give the equivalent credit weightage to the students for the credits earned through online learning courses through SWAYAM platform.
- 11.2** The online learning courses available on the SWAYAM platform will be considered for credit transfer. SWAYAM course credits are as specified in the platform
- 11.3** Student registration for the MOOCs shall be only through the institution, it is mandatory for the student to share necessary information with the institution
- 11.4** The institution shall select the courses to be permitted for credit transfer through SWAYAM. However, while selecting courses in the online platform institution would essentially avoid the courses offered through the curriculum in the offline mode.
- 11.5** The institution shall notify at the beginning of semester the list of the online learning courses eligible for credit transfer in the forthcoming Semester.
- 11.6** The institution shall also ensure that the student has to complete the course and produce the course completion certificate as per the academic schedule given for the regular courses in that semester
- 11.7** The institution shall designate a faculty member as a Mentor for each course to guide the students from registration till completion of the credit course.
- 11.8** The Institution shall ensure no overlap of SWAYAM MOOC exams with that of the Internal / External examination schedule. In case of delay in SWAYAM results, the Institution will re-issue the marks sheet for such students.
- 11.9** Student pursuing courses under MOOCs shall acquire the required credits only after successful completion of the course and submitting a certificate issued by the competent authority along with the percentage of marks and grades.
- 11.10** The departments shall submit the following to the examination section of the Institution:
 - a) List of students who have passed MOOC courses in the current semester along with the certificates of completion.
 - b) Undertaking form filled by the students for credit transfer.
- 11.11** The Institution shall resolve any issues that may arise in the implementation of this policy from time to time and shall review its credit transfer policy in the light of periodic changes brought by UGC, SWAYAM, NPTEL and state government.

Note: Students shall also be permitted to register for MOOCs offered through online platforms other than SWAYAM NPTEL. In such cases, credit transfer shall be permitted only after seeking approval of the Head of the Institution at least three months prior to the commencement of the semester.

12 Re-registration for Improvement of Internal Evaluation Marks:

A candidate shall be given one chance to re-register for each subject provided the internal marks secured by a candidate are less than 50% and has failed in the end examination

- 12.1** The candidate should have completed the course work and obtained examinations results for **I, II and III** semesters.
- 12.2** The candidate should have passed all the subjects for which the Internal Evaluation marks secured are more than 50%.
- 12.3** Out of the subjects the candidate has failed in the examination due to Internal Evaluation marks secured being less than 50%, the candidate shall be given one chance for each Theory subject and for a maximum of **three** Theory subjects for Improvement of Internal evaluation marks.
- 12.4** The candidate has to re-register for the chosen subjects and fulfill the academic requirements.
- 12.5** For reregistration the candidates have to submit the applications to the Head of the Institution through the Head of the Department by paying the requisite fees (For each course, the candidate has to pay a fee equivalent to one third of the semester tuition fee and the amount is to be remitted in the form of D.D./ Challan in favour of the Principal, Sri Venkateswara College of Engineering & Technology) and get approval from the Head of the Institution before the start of the semester in which re-registration is required.
- 12.6** In the event of availing the Improvement of Internal evaluation marks, the internal evaluation marks as well as the End Examinations marks secured in the previous attempt(s) for the reregistered subjects stand cancelled.

13 Evaluation of Project/Dissertation Work:

The Project work shall be initiated at the beginning of the III Semester and the duration of the Project is of two semesters. Evaluation of Project work is for 300 marks with 200 marks for internal evaluation and 100 marks for external evaluation. Internal evaluation of the Project Work – I & Project work – II in III & IV semesters respectively shall be for 100 marks each. External evaluation of final Project work viva voce in IV semester shall be for 100 marks.

A Project Review Committee (PRC) shall be constituted with the Head of the Department as Chairperson, Project Supervisor and one faculty member of the department offering the M.Tech. programme.

- 13.1** A candidate is permitted to register for the Project Work in III Semester after satisfying the attendance requirement in all the subjects, both theory and laboratory (in I & II semesters).
- 13.2** A candidate is permitted to submit Project dissertation with the approval of PRC. The candidate has to pass all the theory, practical and other courses before submission of the Thesis.
- 13.3** Project work shall be carried out under the supervision of teacher in the parent department concerned.
- 13.4** A candidate shall be permitted to work on the project in an industry/research organization on the recommendation of the Head of the Department. In such cases, one of the teachers from the department concerned would be the internal guide and an expert from the industry/research organization concerned shall act as co-supervisor/ external guide. It is mandatory for the candidate to make full disclosure of all

data/results on which they wish to base their dissertation. They cannot claim confidentiality simply because it would come into conflict with the Industry's or R&D laboratory's own interests. A certificate from the external supervisor is to be included in the dissertation.

- 13.5** Continuous assessment of Project Work - I and Project Work – II in III & IV semesters respectively will be monitored by the PRC.
- 13.6** The candidate shall submit status report by giving seminars in three different phases (two in III semester and one in IV semester) during the project work period. These seminar reports must be approved by the PRC before submission of the Project Thesis.
- 13.7** After registration, a candidate must present in Project Work Review - I, in consultation with his Project Supervisor, the title, objective and plan of action of his Project work to the PRC for approval within four weeks from the commencement of III Semester. Only after obtaining the approval of the PRC can the student initiate the project work.
- 13.8** The Project Work Review - II in III semester carries internal marks of 100. Evaluation should be done by the PRC for 50 marks and the Supervisor will evaluate the work for the other 50 marks. The Supervisor and PRC will examine the Problem Definition, Objectives, Scope of Work, Literature Survey in the same domain and progress of the Project Work.
- 13.9** A candidate has to secure a minimum of 50% of marks to be declared successful in Project Work Review - II. Only after successful completion of Project Work Review – II, candidate shall be permitted for Project Work Review – III in IV Semester. The unsuccessful students in Project Work Review - II shall reappear for it as and when supplementary examinations are conducted.
- 13.10** The Project Work Review - III in IV semester carries 100 internal marks. Evaluation should be done by the PRC for 50 marks and the Supervisor will evaluate it for the other 50 marks. The PRC will examine the overall progress of the Project Work and decide whether or not eligible for final submission. A candidate has to secure a minimum of 50% of marks to be declared successful in Project Work Review - III. If he fails to obtain the required minimum marks, he has to reappear for Project Work Review - III after a month.
- 13.11** For the approval of PRC the candidate shall submit the draft copy of dissertation to the Head of the Department and make an oral presentation before the PRC.
- 13.12** After approval from the PRC, the students are required to submit a report showing that the plagiarism is within 30%. The dissertation report will be accepted only when the plagiarism is within 30%, which shall be submitted along with the dissertation report.
- 13.13** Research paper related to the Project Work shall be published in conference proceedings/UGC recognized journal. A copy of the published research paper shall be attached to the dissertation.
- 13.14** After successful plagiarism check and publication of research paper, three copies of the dissertation certified by the supervisor and HOD shall be submitted to the College.
- 13.15** The dissertation shall be adjudicated by an external examiner selected by the Head of the Institution. For this, the Principal of the College shall

submit a panel of three examiners as submitted by the supervisor concerned and department head for each student. However, the dissertation will be adjudicated by one examiner nominated by the Head of the Institution.

- 13.16** If the report of the examiner is not satisfactory, the candidate shall revise and resubmit the dissertation, in the time frame as decided by the PRC. If report of the examiner is unfavorable again, the thesis shall be summarily rejected. The candidate has to reregister for the project and complete the project within the stipulated time after taking the approval from the Head of the Institution
- 13.17** If the report of the examiner is satisfactory, the Head of the Department shall coordinate and make arrangements for the conduct of Project Viva voce exam.
- 13.18** The Project Viva voce examinations shall be conducted by a board consisting of the Supervisor, Head of the Department and the external examiner who has adjudicated the dissertation. For Dissertation Evaluation (Viva voce) in IV Sem. there are external marks of 100 and it is evaluated by external examiner. The candidate has to secure a minimum of 50% marks in Viva voce exam.
- 13.19** If he fails to fulfill the requirements as specified, he will reappear for the Project Viva voce examination only after three months. In the reappeared examination also, if he fails to fulfill the requirements, he will not be eligible for the award of the degree.

14 Credits for Co-curricular Activities

The credits assigned for co-curricular activities shall be given by the Head of the Department and the same shall be submitted to the Examination section through Head of the Institution.

A Student shall earn 02 credits under the head of co-curricular activities, viz., attending Conference, Scientific Presentations and Other Scholarly Activities.

Following are the guidelines for awarding Credits for Co-curricular Activities

Name of the Activity	Maximum Credits / Activity
Participation in National Level Seminar/ Conference / Workshop /Training programs (related to the specialization of the student)	1
Participation in International Level Seminar / Conference / workshop/Training programs held outside India (related to the specialization of the student)	2
Academic Award/Research Award from State Level/National Agencies	1
Academic Award/Research Award from International Agencies	2
Research / Review Publication in National Journals (Indexed in Scopus / Web of Science)	1

Research / Review Publication in International Journals with Editorial board outside India (Indexed in Scopus / Web of Science)	2
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Note:

- i) Credit shall be awarded only for the first author. Certificate of attendance and participation in a Conference/Seminar is to be submitted for awarding credit.
- ii) Certificate of attendance and participation in workshops and training programs (Internal or External) is to be submitted for awarding credit. The total duration should be at least one week.
- iii) Participation in any activity shall be permitted only once for acquiring required credits under cocurricular activities

15 Grading:

As a measure of the student’s performance, a 10-point Absolute Grading System using the following Letter Grades and corresponding percentage of marks shall be followed:

After each course is evaluated for 100 marks, the marks obtained in each course will be converted to a corresponding letter grade as given below, depending on the range in which the marks obtained by the student fall.

Structure of Grading of Academic Performance

Range in which the marks in the subject fall	Grade	Grade points Assigned
≥ 90	S (Superior)	10
≥ 80 < 90	A (Excellent)	9
≥ 70 < 80	B (Very Good)	8
≥ 60 < 70	C (Good)	7
≥ 50 < 60	D (Pass)	6
< 50	F (Fail)	0
Absent	Ab (Absent)	0

- i) A student obtaining Grade ‘F’ or Grade ‘Ab’ in a subject shall be considered failed and will be required to reappear for that subject when it is offered the next supplementary examination.
- ii) For noncredit audit courses, “Satisfactory” or “Unsatisfactory” shall be indicated instead of the letter grade and this will not be counted for the computation of SGPA/CGPA/Percentage.

Computation of Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) and Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA):

The Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) is the ratio of sum of the product of the number of credits with the grade points scored by a student in all the courses taken by a student and the sum of the number of credits of all the courses undergone by a student, i.e.,

$$SGPA = \frac{\sum (C_i \times G_i)}{\sum C_i}$$

where, C_i is the number of credits of the i^{th} subject and G_i is the grade point scored by the student in the i^{th} course.

- i) The Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) will be computed in the same manner considering all the courses undergone by a student over all the semesters of a program, i.e.,

$$\text{CGPA} = \frac{\sum (C_i \times S_i)}{\sum C_i}$$

where " S_i " is the SGPA of the i^{th} semester and C_i is the total number of credits up to that semester.

- ii) Both SGPA and CGPA shall be rounded off to 2 decimal points and reported in the transcripts.
- iii) While computing the SGPA the subjects in which the student is awarded Zero grade points will also be included.

Grade Point: It is a numerical weight allotted to each letter grade on a 10-point scale. Letter Grade: It is an index of the performance of students in a said course. Grades are denoted by letters S, A, B, C, D and F.

16 Personal Verification / Revaluation / Final Valuation

16.1 Personal Verification of Answer Scripts:

Candidates appear in a particular semester end examinations may appeal for verification of their answer script(s) for arithmetic correction in totaling of marks and any omission / deletion in evaluation within 7 days from the date of declaration of results at the office of the Controller of Examinations on the prescribed proforma and by paying the prescribed fee per answer script.

It is clarified that personal verification of answer script shall not tantamount to revaluation of answer script. This is only a process of reverification by the candidate. Any mistake / deficiency with regard to arithmetic correction in totaling of marks and any omission / deletion in evaluation if found, the institution will correct the same.

16.2 Recounting / Revaluation:

Students shall be permitted for request for recounting/revaluation of the Semester-End examination answer scripts within a stipulated period after payment of prescribed fee. After recounting or revaluation, records are updated with changes if any and the student will be issued a revised grade sheet. If there are no changes, the same will be intimated to the students.

16.3 Final Valuation:

Students shall be permitted for request for final valuation of the Semester-End Examination answer scripts within a stipulated period after the publication of the revaluation results by paying the necessary fee. The final valuation shall be carried out by an expert not less than Associate Professor as per the scheme of valuation supplied by the examination branch in the presence of the student, Controller of Examinations and Principal. However students are not permitted to discuss / argue with the examiner. If the increase in marks after final valuation is equal to or more than 15% of the

previous valuation marks, the marks obtained after final valuation shall be treated as final. If the variation of marks after final valuation is less than 15% of the previous valuation marks, then the earlier valuation marks shall be treated as the final marks.

Supplementary Examinations: In addition to the regular semester-end examinations conducted, the College may also schedule and conduct supplementary examinations for all the courses of other semesters when feasible for the benefit of students. Such of the candidates writing supplementary examinations may have to write more than one examination per day.

17 Award of Class:

After a student has satisfied the requirements prescribed for the completion of the program and is eligible for the award of M. Tech. Degree, he shall be placed in one of the following three classes:

Class Awarded	Cumulative Grade Point Average
First Class with Distinction	≥ 7.75
First Class	≥ 6.75 and < 7.75
Second Class	≥ 6.0 and < 6.75

18 Exit Policy: The student shall be permitted to exit with a PG Diploma based on his/her request to the Head of the Institution through the respective Head of the Department at the end of first year subject to passing all the courses in first year.

The Head of the Institution shall resolve any issues that may arise in the implementation of this policy from time to time and shall review the policy in the light of periodic changes brought by UGC, AICTE, Affiliating University and State government.

19 Withholding of Results:

If the candidate has any case of in-discipline pending against him, the result of the candidate shall be withheld, and he will not be allowed/promoted into the next higher semester. The issue of degree is liable to be withheld in such cases.

20. Transitory Regulations

Discontinued, detained, or failed candidates are eligible for readmission as and when the semester is offered after fulfilment of academic regulations. Candidates who have been detained for want of attendance or not fulfilled academic requirements or who have failed after having undergone the course in earlier regulations or have discontinued and wish to continue the course are eligible for admission into the unfinished semester from the date of commencement of class work with the same or equivalent subjects as and when subjects are offered, subject to Section 2 and they will follow the academic regulations into which they are readmitted.

21. Medium of Instruction:

The Medium of Instruction is English for all courses, laboratories, Internal and External examinations, Seminar Presentation and Project Reports.

22. Mode of Learning:

Preferably 50% course work for the theory courses in every semester shall be conducted in the blended mode of learning. If the blended learning is carried out in online mode, then the total attendance of the student shall be calculated considering the offline and online attendance of the student.

23. General Instructions:

- 23.1 The academic regulations should be read as a whole for purpose of any interpretation.
- 23.2 Disciplinary action for Malpractice/improper conduct in examinations is appended.
- 23.3 There shall be no places transfer within the constituent colleges and affiliated colleges of Jawaharlal Nehru Technological University Anantapur.
- 23.4 Where the words "he", "him", "his", occur in the regulations, they include "she", "her", "hers".
- 23.5 In the case of any doubt or ambiguity in the interpretation of the above rules, the decision of the Principal is final.
- 23.6 The University / Institution may change or amend the academic regulations or syllabi at any time and the changes or amendments shall be made applicable to all the students on rolls with effect from the dates notified by the University / Institution.
- 23.7 The above rules and regulations are to be approved / ratified by the College Academic Council as and when any modification is to be done.

Identification of Courses

M. Tech

Each course shall be uniquely identified by an alphanumeric code of width 7 characters as given below.

No. of Digits	Description
First two digits	Year of regulations Ex:25
Next one letter	Type of program: A: B. Tech B: M. Tech C: M.B.A D: M.C.A E: BBA F: BCA
Next two letters	Code of program: ST: Structural Engineering, P.E: Power Electronics & Electric Drives, CM: CAD/CAM, VL: VLSI, CS: Computer Science and Engineering, DS: Data Science
Last two digits	Indicate serial numbers: ≥ 01

Ex:
25BST01
25BPE01
25BCM01
25BVL01
25BCS01
25BDS01
25BMB01
25BHS01

**SRI VENKATESWARA COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY
(AUTONOMOUS)
(AFFILIATED TO JNTUA, ANANTHAPURAMU)
RULES FOR DISCIPLINARY ACTION FOR MALPRACTICE / IMPROPER
CONDUCT IN EXAMINATIONS**

Sl.No.	Nature of Malpractices / Improper conduct If the candidate	Punishment
1. (a)	Possesses or keeps accessible in examination hall, any paper, note book, programmable calculators, Cell phones, pager, palm computers or any other form of material concerned with or related to the subject of the examination (theory or practical) in which he is appearing but has not made use of (material shall include any marks on the body of the candidate which can be used as an aid in the subject of the examination).	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject only.
(b)	Gives assistance or guidance or receives it from any other candidate orally or by any other body language methods or communicates through cell phones with any candidate or persons in or outside the exam hall in respect of any matter.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject only of all the candidates involved. In case of an outsider, he will be handed over to the police and a case is registered against him.
2.	Has copied in the examination hall from any paper, book, programmable calculators, palm computers or any other form of material relevant to the subject of the examination (theory or practical) in which the candidate is appearing.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted to appear for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that Semester / year. The Hall Ticket of the candidate is to be cancelled.
3.	Comes in a drunken condition to the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and

		project work and shall not be permitted to appear for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that Semester / year.
4.	Smuggles in the Answer book or additional sheet or takes out or arranges to send out the question paper during the examination or answer book or additional sheet, during or after the examination.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that Semester/year. The candidate is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all University examinations. The continuation of the course by the candidate is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat.
5.	Leaves the exam hall taking away answer script or intentionally tears of the script or any part thereof inside or outside the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that Semester/year. The candidate is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all University examinations. The continuation of the course by the candidate is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat.
6.	Possess any lethal weapon or firearm in the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that Semester/year. The candidate is also debarred and forfeits of seat.
7.	Impersonates any other candidate in connection with the examination.	The candidate who has impersonated shall be expelled from examination hall. The candidate is also debarred and

		<p>forfeits the seat. The performance of the original candidate who has been impersonated, shall be cancelled in all the subjects of the examination (including practical's and project work) already appeared and shall not be allowed to appear for examinations of the remaining subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all University examinations. The continuation of the course by the candidate is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat. If the impostor is an outsider, he will be handed over to the police and a case is registered against him.</p>
8.	<p>Refuses to obey the orders of the Chief Superintendent / Assistant – Superintendent / any officer on duty or misbehaves or creates disturbance of any kind in and around the examination hall or organizes a walk out or instigates others to walk out, or threatens the officer-in-charge or any person on duty in or outside the examination hall of any injury to his person or to any of his relations whether by words, either spoken or written or by signs or by visible representation, assaults the officer-in-charge, or any person on duty in or outside the examination hall or any of his relations, or indulges in any other act of misconduct or mischief which result in damage to or destruction or property in the examination hall or any part of the College campus or engages in any other act which in the opinion of the officer on duty amounts to use of unfair</p>	<p>In case of students of the college, they shall be expelled from examination halls and cancellation of their performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate (s) has (have) already appeared and shall not be permitted to appear for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester / year. The candidates also are debarred and forfeit their seats. In case of outsiders, they will be handed over to the police and a police case is registered against them.</p>

	means or misconduct or has the tendency to disrupt the orderly conduct of the examination.	
9.	If student of the college, who is not a candidate for the particular examination or any person not connected with the college indulges in any malpractice or improper conduct mentioned in clause 6 to 8.	Student of the colleges expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester / year. The candidate is also debarred and forfeits the seat. Person(s) who do not belong to the College will be handed over to police and, a police case will be registered against them.
10.	Uses objectionable, abusive or offensive language in the answer paper or in letters to the examiners or writes to the examiner requesting him to award pass marks.	Cancellation of the performance in that subject.
11.	Copying detected on the basis of internal evidence, such as, during valuation or during special scrutiny.	Cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has appeared including practical examinations and project work of that semester/year examinations.
12.	If any malpractice is detected which is not covered in the above clauses 1 to 11 shall be reported to the Examination committee for further action to award suitable punishment.	

Malpractices identified by squad or special invigilators

1. Punishments to the candidates as per the above guidelines.

Note:

Whenever the performance of a student is cancelled in any subject/subjects due to Malpractice, he has to register for End Examinations in that subject/subjects consequently and has to fulfil all the norms required for the award of Degree.

SRI VENKATESWARA COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY
(AUTONOMOUS)
R.V.S. NAGAR, CHITTOOR - 517127, A.P.

**COURSE STRUCTURE AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION FOR M.TECH-COMPUTER
SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING**

M.TECH, I-SEMESTER

S.NO	SUBJECT CODE	SUBJECT	PERIODS			CREDITS	SCHEME OF EXAMINATION (MAXIMUM MARKS)		
			L	T	P		CIE	SEE	TOTAL
1	25BCS01	Advanced Data Structures and Algorithms	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
2	25BCS02	Advanced Computer Networks	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
PROGRAM ELECTIVE COURSE - I									
3	25BCS03	Machine Learning	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
	25BCS04	Object Oriented Software Engineering							
	25BCS05	Digital Image & Video Processing							
PROGRAM ELECTIVE COURSE - II									
4	25BCS06	Data Science	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
	25BCS07	Design Patterns							
	25BCS08	Information Security							
5	25BCS09	Advanced Data Structures and Algorithms Lab	0	0	4	2	40	60	100
6	25BCS10	Advanced Computer Networks Lab	0	0	4	2	40	60	100
MANDATORY COURSE									
7	25BMB01	Research Methodology and IPR	2	0	0	2	40	60	100
AUDIT COURSE									
8	25BHS02	English for Research paper writing	2	0	0	-	-	-	-
	25BST27	Disaster Management							
	25BHS03	Sanskrit for Technical Knowledge							
TOTAL			16	0	8	18	280	420	700

M.TECH, II-SEMESTER

S.NO	SUBJECT CODE	SUBJECT	PERIODS			CREDITS	SCHEME OF EXAMINATION (MAXIMUM MARKS)		
			L	T	P		CIE	SEE	TOTAL
1	25BCS11	Advanced Operating Systems	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
2	25BCS12	Internet of Things	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
PROGRAM ELECTIVE COURSE-- III									
3	25BCS13	Deep Learning	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
	25BCS14	Service Oriented Architecture							
	25BCS15	Computer Vision							
PROGRAM ELECTIVE COURSE – IV									
4	25BCS16	Data Visualization Techniques	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
	25BCS17	Distributed Systems							
	25BCS18	Privacy Preserving Data Publishing							
5	25BCS19	Advanced Operating Systems Lab	0	0	4	2	40	60	100
6	25BCS20	Internet of Things Lab	0	0	4	2	40	60	100
7	25BCS21	Technical seminar	0	0	4	2	40	60	100
AUDIT COURSE - II									
8	25BMB02	Pedagogy Studies	2	0	0				
	25BHS04	Stress Management for Yoga							
	25BHS05	Personality Development through Life Enlightenment Skills							
TOTAL			14	0	12	18	320	480	700

M.TECH, III SEMESTERS

S.NO	SUBJECT CODE	SUBJECT	PERIODS			CREDITS	SCHEME OF EXAMINATION (MAXIMUM MARKS)		
			L	T	P		CIE	SEE	TOTAL
PROGRAM ELECTIVE COURSE – V									
1	25BCS22	Software Defined Networks							
	25BDS22	Reinforcement Learning	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
	25BDS10	Data Analytics							
OPEN ELECTIVE									
2	25BCM27	Industrial Safety							
	25BMB04	Business Analytics	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
	25BCS23	Optimization Techniques							
3	25BCS24	DISSERTATION PHASE-I	-	-	20	10	40	60	100
4	25BCS25	Co-curricular Activities	2	0	0	2			
TOTAL			8	0	20	18	120	180	300

M.TECH, IV-SEMESTER

S.NO	SUBJECT CODE	SUBJECT	PERIODS			CREDITS	SCHEME OF EXAMINATION (MAXIMUM MARKS)		
			L	T	P		CIE	SEE	TOTAL
1	25BCS26	DISSERTATION PHASE-II	-	-	32	16	120	180	300
TOTAL						16	120	180	300

**SRI VENKATESWARA COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY
(AUTONOMOUS)**

I M.Tech-I Semester (CSE)

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

25BCS01 : ADVANCED DATA STRUCTURES AND ALGORITHMS

Course Outcomes:

- CO1:** Understand the implementation of symbol table using hashing techniques.
- CO2:** Apply advanced abstract data type (ADT) and data structures in solving real world problem.
- CO3:** Effectively combine the fundamental data structures and algorithmic techniques in building a solution to a given problem.
- CO4:** Develop algorithms for text processing applications.

UNIT I

Dictionaries: Definition, Dictionary Abstract Data Type, Implementation of Dictionaries, Hashing: Review of Hashing, Hash Function, Collision Resolution Techniques in Hashing, Separate Chaining, Open Addressing, Linear Probing, Quadratic Probing, Double Hashing, Rehashing, Extendible Hashing.

UNIT II

Skip Lists : Need for Randomizing Data Structures and Algorithms, Search and Update Operations on Skip Lists, Probabilistic Analysis of Skip Lists, Deterministic Skip Lists, Trees: Binary Search Trees (BST), AVL Trees, Red Black Trees: Height of a Red Black Tree, Red Black Trees Bottom-Up Insertion, Top-Down Red Black Trees, Top-Down Deletion in Red Black Trees, Analysis of Operations.

UNIT III

2-3 Trees, Advantage of 2-3 trees over Binary Search Trees, Search and Update Operations on 2-3 Trees, Analysis of Operations, B-Trees: Advantage of B-trees over BSTs, Height of B-Tree, Search and Update Operations on 2-3 Trees, Analysis of Operations, Splay Trees: Splaying, Search and Update Operations on Splay Trees, Amortized Analysis of Splaying.

UNIT IV

Text Processing: String Operations, Brute-Force Pattern Matching, The Boyer-Moore Algorithm, The Knuth-Morris-Pratt Algorithm, Standard Tries, Compressed Tries, Suffix Tries, The Huffman Coding Algorithm, The Longest Common Sub sequence Problem(LCS),Applying Dynamic Programming to The LCS Problem

UNIT V

Computational Geometry: One Dimensional Range Searching, Two Dimensional Range Searching, Constructing A Priority Search Tree, Searching a Priority Search Tree, Priority Range Trees, Quad trees, K-DTrees.

Text Books:

1. Mark Allen Weiss, Data Structures and Algorithm Analysis in C++,second Edition, Pearson, 2004.
2. T.H. Cormen, C.E. Leiserson, R.L. Rivest, Introduction to Algorithms, Third Edition Prentice Hall, 2009

Reference Books:

1. Michael T. Goodrich, Roberto Tamassia, Algorithm Design, First Edition, Wiley, 2006.

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I M.Tech-I Semester (CSE)

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

25BCS02 : ADVANCED COMPUTER NETWORKS

Course Outcomes:

CO1: Analyse computer network architectures and estimate quality of service.

CO2: Design application-level protocols for emerging networks.

CO3: Analyse TCP and UDP traffic in data networks.

CO4: Design and analyse medium access methods, routing algorithms and IPv6 protocol for data networks.

CO5: Analyse Data Center Networks and Optical Networks.

UNIT I

Network Architecture, Performance: Band width and Latency, High Speed Networks, Network-Centric View, Error Detection, Reliable Transmission, Ethernet and Multiple Access Networks, Overlay Networks: Routing Overlays, Peer-to-Peer Networks and Content Distribution Networks, Client-Server Networks, Delay-Tolerant Networks.

UNIT II

Switching: Circuit-Switched Networks, Datagram Networks, Virtual-Circuit Networks, Message-Switched Networks, Asynchronous Transfer Mode: Evolution, Benefits, Concepts, Exploring Broadband Integrated Services Digital Network, Layer and Adaptation Layer, IPv4: Address Space, Notations, Classfull, Classless, Network Address Translation, Datagram.

UNIT III

Fragmentation and Checksum IPv6 Addresses: Structure, Address Space, Packet Format and Extension Headers, ICMP, IGMP, ARP, RARP, Congestion Control and Resource Allocation: Problem, Issues, Queuing, TCP Congestion Control, Congestion-Avoidance Mechanisms and Quality of Service.

UNIT IV

Inter networking: Intra-Domain and Inter-Domain Routings, Uni cast Routing Protocols: RIP, OSPF and BGP, Multicast Routing Protocols: DVMRP, PIM-DM, PIM-SM, CBT, MSDP and MOSPF, Spanning Tree Algorithm, Optical Networking: SONET/SDH Standards, Traffic Engineering: Requirement, Traffic Sizing, Characteristics, Protocols, Time and Delay Considerations, Connectivity, Availability, Reliability and Maintainability and Throughput.

UNIT V

Computational Multimedia Over Internet: Transmission, IP Multicasting and VoIP, Domain Name System: Name Space, Domain Name Space, Distribution, Domains, Resolutions and Dynamic Domain Name System, SNMP, Security: IPsec, SSL/TLS, PGP and Firewalls, Data center Design and Interconnection Networks.

Text Books:

1. Larry L. Peterson and Bruce S. Davie, Computer Networks: A System Approach, Fifth Edition, Morgan Kaufmann, Elsevier, 2012.
2. Behrouz A. Forouzan, Data Communications and Networking, Mc Graw Hill, Fifth Edition, 2017.
3. Chwan-Hwa (John) Wu, J. David Irwin, Introduction to Computer Networks and Cyber Security, CRC press, Taylor & Francis Group, 2014
4. Andrew S. Tanenbaum, David J. Wetherall, Computer Networks, Pearson, 5th Edition, 2014.

Reference Books:

1. Satish Jain Advanced Computer Networking: Concepts and Applications.

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I M.Tech-I Semester (CSE)

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

25BCS03 : MACHINE LEARNING

Course Outcomes:

- CO1:** To formulate a machine learning problem.
- CO2:** Select an appropriate pattern analysis tool for analysing data in a given feature space.
- CO3:** Apply pattern recognition and machine learning techniques such as classification and feature selection to practical applications and detect patterns in the data.

UNIT I

Introduction: Definitions, Datasets for Machine Learning, Different Paradigms of Machine Learning, Data Normalization, Hypothesis Evaluation, VC - Dimensions and Distribution, Bias-Variance Trade off, Regression.

UNIT II

Bayes Decision Theory: Bayes decision rule, Minimum error rate classification, Normal density and discriminant functions.

Parameter Estimation: Maximum Likelihood and Bayesian Parameter Estimation.

UNIT III

Discriminative Methods: Distance-based methods, Linear Discriminant Functions, Decision Tree, Random Decision Forest and Boosting

Feature Selection and Dimensionality Reduction: PCA, LDA, ICA, SFFS, SBFS.

UNIT IV

Learning from unclassified data. Clustering. Hierarchical Agglomerative Clustering. k-means partitional clustering. Expectation maximization (EM) for soft clustering. Semi-supervised learning with EM using labelled and unlabelled data.

UNIT V

Kernel Machines: Kernel Tricks, SVMs (primal and dual forms), K-SVR, K-PCA (6 Lectures) Artificial Neural Networks: MLP, Backprop, and RBF-Net.

Text Books:

1. Shalev-Shwartz,S., Ben-David,S., (2014), Understanding Machine Learning: From Theory to Algorithms, Cambridge University Press
2. R. O. Duda, P. E. Hart, D. G. Stork (2000), Pattern Classification, Wiley-Blackwell, 2nd Edition.

Reference Books:

1. Machine Learning Methods in the Environmental Sciences, Neural Networks, William W Hsieh, Cambridge Univ Press.
2. Richard o. Duda, Peter E. Hart and David G. Stork, pattern classification, John Wiley & Sons Inc.,2001
3. Chris Bishop, Neural Networks for Pattern Recognition, Oxford University Press, 1995.

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I M.Tech-I Semester (CSE)

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

25BCS04 : OBJECT ORIENTED SOFTWARE ENGINEERING

Course Outcomes:

- CO1:** Discuss about software development process models
- CO2:** Identify the contemporary issues and discuss about coding standards
- CO3:** Recognize the knowledge about testing methods and comparison of various testing techniques.
- CO4:** Use the concept and standards of quality and getting knowledge about software quality assurance group.

UNIT - I

Introduction to Software Engineering - Software Development process models – Agile Development - Project & Process - Project management - Process & Project metrics - Object Oriented concepts, Principles & Methodologies.

UNIT - II

Software Requirements Specification, Software prototyping - Software project planning - Scope - Resources - Software Estimation - Empirical Estimation Models – Planning - Risk Management - Software Project Scheduling - Object Oriented Estimation & Scheduling.

UNIT - III

Analysis Modelling - Data Modelling - Functional Modelling & Information Flow - Behavioural Modelling - Structured Analysis - Object Oriented Analysis - Domain Analysis - Object oriented Analysis process - Object Relationship Model - Object Behaviour Model, Design modelling with UML.

UNIT - IV

Design Concepts & Principles - Design Process - Design Concepts - Modular Design - Design Effective Modularity - Introduction to Software Architecture - Data Design - Transform Mapping - Transaction Mapping - Object Oriented Design - System design process - Object design process - Design Patterns.

UNIT - V

Top - Down, Bottom-Up, object oriented product Implementation & Integration. Software Testing methods - White Box, Basis Path-Control Structure - Black Box - Unit Testing - Integration testing - Validation & System testing - Testing Tools – Software Maintenance & Reengineering.

Textbooks:

1. Fairley R, “Software Engineering Concepts”, second edition, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2003.
2. Jalote P, “An Integrated Approach to Software Engineering”, third edition, Narosa Publishers, New Delhi, 2013.

Reference Books:

1. Grady Booch, James Rumbaugh, Ivar Jacobson - "the Unified Modeling Language User Guide" - Addison Wesley, 1999.
2. Ali Bahrami, “Object Oriented Systems Development” 1st Edition, The McGraw-Hill Company, 1999

SRI VENKATESWARA COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY

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I M.Tech-I Semester (CSE)

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

25BCS05 :DIGITAL IMAGE AND VIDEO PROCESSING

Course Outcomes:

- CO1:** Review the fundamental concepts of a digital image processing system.
- CO2:** Analyse images in the frequency domain using various transforms.
- CO3:** Evaluate the techniques for image enhancement and image restoration.
- CO4:** Categorize various compression techniques

UNIT - I

Introduction, Image sampling, Quantization, Resolution, Image file formats, Elements of image processing system, Applications of Digital image processing. Introduction, Need for transform, image transforms, Fourier transform, 2 D Discrete Fourier transform and its transforms, Importance of phase, Walsh transform, Hadamard transform, Haar transform, slant transform Discrete cosine transform, KL transform, singular value decomposition, Radon transform, comparison of different image transforms

UNIT - II

Spatial domain methods: Histogram processing, Fundamentals of Spatial filtering, Smoothing spatial filters, Sharpening spatial filters. Frequency domain methods: Basics of filtering in frequency domain, image smoothing, image sharpening, Selective filtering. Introduction to Image restoration, Image degradation, Types of image blur, Classification of image restoration techniques, Image restoration model, Linear and Nonlinear image restoration techniques, Blind de-convolution.

UNIT - III

Image Segmentation: Introduction to image segmentation, Point, Line and Edge Detection, Region based segmentation., Classification of segmentation techniques, Region approach to image segmentation, clustering techniques, Image segmentation based on thresholding, Edge based segmentation, Edge detection and linking, Hough transform, Active contour Image Compression: Introduction, Need for image compression, Redundancy in images, Classification of redundancy in images, image compression scheme, Classification of image compression schemes, Fundamentals of information theory, Run length coding, Shannon – Fano coding, Huffman coding, Arithmetic coding, Predictive coding, Transformed based compression, Image compression standard, Wavelet-based image compression, JPEG Standards.

UNIT - IV

Basic Steps of Video Processing: Analog Video, Digital Video. Time-Varying Image Formation models: Three-Dimensional Motion Models, Geometric Image Formation, Photometric Image Formation, Sampling of Video signals, Filtering operations.

UNIT - V

2-D Motion Estimation: Optical flow, General Methodologies, Pixel Based Motion Estimation, Block Matching Algorithm, Mesh based Motion Estimation, Global Motion Estimation, Region based Motion Estimation, Multi resolution motion estimation, Waveform based coding, Block based transform coding, Predictive coding, Application of motion estimation in Video coding.

Textbooks:

1. Digital Image Processing – Gonzaleze and Woods, 3rdEd., Pearson.
2. Video Processing and Communication – Yao Wang, JoemOstermann and Ya–quin Zhang. 1st Ed., PH Int.

Reference Book:

. S.Jayaraman, S.Esakkirajan and T.VeeraKumar, “Digital Image processing, TataMcGraw Hill publishers, 2009

**SRI VENKATESWARA COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY
(AUTONOMOUS)**

I M.Tech-I Semester (CSE)

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

25BCS06 : DATA SCIENCE

Course Outcomes:

- CO1:** Explain how data is collected, managed and stored for data science;
- CO2:** Understand the key concepts in data science, including their real-world applications and the toolkit used by data scientists;
- CO3:** Implement data collection and management scripts using MongoDB

UNIT - I

Introduction to core concepts and technologies: Introduction, Terminology, data science process, data science toolkit, Types of data, Example applications.

UNIT - II

Data collection and management: Introduction, Sources of data, Data collection and APIs, Exploring and fixing data, Data storage and management, Using multiple data sources

UNIT - III

Data analysis: Introduction, Terminology and concepts, Introduction to statistics, Central tendencies and distributions, Variance, Distribution properties and arithmetic, Samples/CLT, Basic machine learning algorithms, Linear regression, SVM, Naive Bayes

UNIT - IV

Data visualization: Introduction, Types of data visualisation, Data for visualisation: Data types, Data encodings, Retinal variables, Mapping variables to encodings, Visual encodings

UNIT - V

Applications of Data Science, Technologies for visualisation, Bokeh (Python) Recent trends in various data collection and analysis techniques, various visualization techniques, application development methods of used in data science

Textbooks:

1. Cathy O'Neil and Rachel Schutt. Doing Data Science, Straight Talk From The Frontline. O'Reilly.
2. Jure Leskovek, AnandRajaraman and Jeffrey Ullman. Mining of Massive Datasets. v2.1, Cambridge University Press

Reference Books:

1. Kevin P. Murphy. Machine Learning: A Probabilistic Perspective. MIT Press, 2013.
2. Foster Provost and Tom Fawcett. Data Science for Business: What You Need to Know about Data Mining and Data-analytic Thinking. O'Reilly, 2013.
3. Trevor Hastie, Robert Tibshirani and Jerome Friedman. Elements of Statistical Learning, Second Edition. Springer, 2009.
4. Avrim Blum, John Hopcroft and RavindranKannan. Foundations of Data Science.2018.
5. Mohammed J. Zaki and Wagner Miera Jr. Data Mining and Analysis: Fundamental Concepts and Algorithms. Cambridge University Press, 2014.
6. Jiawei Han, MichelineKamber and Jian Pei. Data Mining: Concepts and Techniques, Third Edition. Morgan Kaufmann, 2011.

**SRI VENKATESWARA COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY
(AUTONOMOUS)**

I M.Tech-I Semester (CSE)

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

25BCS07: DESIGN PATTERNS

Course Outcomes:

CO1: Identify the appropriate design patterns to solve objectoriented design problems.

CO2: Develop design solutions using creational patterns.

CO3: Apply structural patterns to solve design problems.

CO4: Construct design solutions by using behavioral patterns.

UNIT - I

Introduction : What Is a Design Pattern?, Design Patterns in Smalltalk MVC, Describing Design Patterns, The Catalog of Design Patterns, Organizing the Catalog, How Design Patterns Solve Design Problems, How to Select a Design Pattern, How to Use a Design Pattern.

UNIT - II

A Case Study : Designing a Document Editor : Design Problems, Document Structure, Formatting, Embellishing the User Interface, Supporting Multiple Look-and-Feel Standards, Supporting Multiple Window Systems, User Operations Spelling Checking and Hyphenation, Summary .

UNIT - III

Creational Patterns: Abstract Factory, Builder, Factory Method, Prototype, Singleton, Discussion of Creational Patterns. Structural Pattern Part-I : Adapter, Bridge, Composite.

UNIT - IV

Structural Pattern Part-II : Decorator, Façade, Flyweight, Proxy. Behavioural Patterns Part-I : Chain of Responsibility, Command, Interpreter, Iterator.

UNIT - V

Behavioral Patterns Part-II : Mediator, Memento, Observer, State, Strategy, Template Method ,Visitor, Discussion of Behavioral Patterns.

Textbooks:

1. Design Patterns By Erich Gamma, Pearson Education

Reference Books:

1. Erich Gamma , Richard Helm, Ralph Johnson, John Vlissides , Grady Booch
Design Patterns: Elements of Reusable Object-Oriented Software

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I M.Tech-I Semester (CSE)

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25BCS08: INFORMATION SECURITY

Course Outcomes:

- CO1:** Provide security of the data over the network.
- CO2:** Do research in the emerging areas of cryptography and network security.
- CO3:** Implement various networking protocols.
- CO4:** Protect any network from the threats in the world

UNIT - I

Security Attacks (Interruption, Interception, Modification and Fabrication), Security Services (Confidentiality, Authentication, Integrity, Non-repudiation, access Control and Availability) and Mechanisms, A model for Internetwork security, Internet Standards and RFCs, Buffer overflow & format string vulnerabilities, TCP session hijacking, ARP attacks, route table modification, UDP hijacking, and man-in-the-middle attacks.

UNIT - II

Conventional Encryption Principles, Conventional encryption algorithms, cipher block modes of operation, location of encryption devices, key distribution Approaches of Message Authentication, Secure Hash Functions and HMAC.

UNIT - III

Public key cryptography principles, public key cryptography algorithms, digital signatures, digital Certificates, Certificate Authority and key management Kerberos, X.509 Directory Authentication Service.

UNIT - IV

Email privacy: Pretty Good Privacy (PGP) and S/MIME. IP Security Overview, IP Security Architecture, Authentication Header, Encapsulating Security Payload, Combining Security Associations and Key Management.

UNIT - V

Web Security Requirements, Secure Socket Layer (SSL) and Transport Layer Security (TLS), Secure Electronic Transaction (SET). Basic concepts of SNMP, SNMPv1 Community facility and SNMPv3. Intruders, Viruses and related threats.

Textbooks:

1. Network Security Essentials (Applications and Standards) by William Stallings Pearson Education.
2. Hack Proofing your network by Ryan Russell, Dan Kaminsky, Rain Forest Puppy, Joe Grand, David Ahmad, Hal Flynn IdoDubrawsky, Steve W. Manzuik and Ryan Permech, wileyDreamtech,
3. Cryptography and network Security, Third edition, Stallings, PHI/Pearson

Reference Books:

1. Network Security and Cryptography, Bernard Menezes, Cengage Learning.
2. Cryptography and Security, C.K. Shymala, N. Harini and Dr. T.R. Padmanabhan, Wiley-India.
3. Applied Cryptography, Bruce Schneier, 2nd edition, John Wiley & Sons.
4. Cryptography and Network Security, Atul Kahate, TMH.
5. Introduction to Cryptography, Buchmann, Springer.
6. Number Theory in the Spirit of Ramanujan, Bruce C. Berndt, University Press
7. Introduction to Analytic Number Theory, Tom M. Apostol, University Press

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I M.Tech-I Semester (CSE)

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25BCS09 : ADVANCED DATA STRUCTURES AND ALGORITHMS LAB

Course Outcomes:

CO1: Implement divide and conquer techniques to solve a given problem.

CO2: Implement hashing techniques like linear probing, quadratic probing, random probing and double hashing/rehashing.

CO3: Perform Stack operations to convert infix expression into post fix expression and evaluate the post fix expression.

CO4: Differentiate graph traversal techniques Like Depth First Search, Breadth First Search. Identify shortest path to other vertices using various algorithms.

List of Experiments:

- To implement functions of Dictionary using Hashing (division method, Multiplication method, Universal hashing).
- To perform various operations i.e., insertions and deletions on AVL trees.
- To perform various operations i.e., insertions and deletions on 2-3 trees.
- To implement operations on binary heap.
- To implement operations on graphs
- To implement Depth First Search for a graph non-recursively.
- To implement Breadth First Search for a graph non-recursively.
- To implement Prim's algorithm to generate a min-cost spanning tree.
- To implement Krushkal's algorithm to generate a min-cost spanning tree.
- To implement Dijkstra's algorithm to find shortest path in the graph.

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25BCS10 : ADVANCED COMPUTER NETWORKS LAB

Course Outcomes:

- CO1:** Develop programs for client-server applications
- CO2:** Perform packet sniffing and analyze packets in network traffic.
- CO3:** Implement error detecting and correcting codes
- CO4:** Implement network security algorithms

List of Experiments:

1. Implementation of client server programs for different network applications
2. Study and analysis of the network using Wireshark network protocol analyser
3. Implementation of topology generation for network simulation
4. Implementation of queuing management
5. Implementation of MAC-layer protocols
6. Implementation of routing protocols
7. Implementation of transport-layer protocols
8. Implementation of network security mechanisms

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25BMB01 : RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND IPR

Course Outcomes:

CO1: Analyze research related information

CO2: Follow research ethics

CO3: Understand that today's world is controlled by Computer, Information Technology, but tomorrow world will be ruled by ideas, concept, and creativity.

CO4: Understanding that when IPR would take such important place in growth of individuals & nation, it is needless to emphasize the need of information about Intellectual Property Right to be promoted among students in general & engineering in particular.

CO5: Understand that IPR protection provides an incentive to inventors for further research work and investment in R & D, which leads to creation of new and better products, and in turn brings about, economic growth and social benefits.

UNIT - I

Meaning of research problem, Sources of research problem, Criteria Characteristics of a good research problem, Errors in selecting a research problem, scope, and objectives of research problem. Approaches of investigation of solutions for research problem, data collection, analysis, interpretation, Necessary instrumentations

UNIT - II

Effective literature studies approaches, analysis Plagiarism, Research ethics, Effective technical writing, how to write report, Paper Developing a Research Proposal, Format of research proposal, a presentation and assessment by a review committee.

UNIT - III

Nature of Intellectual Property: Patents, Designs, Trade and Copyright. Process of Patenting and Development: technological research, innovation, patenting, development. International Scenario: International cooperation on Intellectual Property. Procedure for grants of patents, Patenting under PCT.

UNIT - IV

Patent Rights: Scope of Patent Rights. Licensing and transfer of technology. Patent information and databases. Geographical Indications.

UNIT - V

New Developments in IPR: Administration of Patent System. New developments in IPR; IPR of Biological Systems, Computer Software etc. Traditional knowledge Case Studies, IPR and IITs.

Textbooks:

1. Stuart Melville and Wayne Goddard, "Research methodology: an introduction for science & engineering students"
2. Wayne Goddard and Stuart Melville, "Research Methodology: An Introduction"

Reference Books:

1. Ranjit Kumar, 2nd Edition, "Research Methodology: A Step by Step Guide for beginners"
2. Halbert, "Resisting Intellectual Property", Taylor & Francis Ltd ,2007.
3. Mayall, "Industrial Design", McGraw Hill, 1992.
4. Niebel, "Product Design", McGraw Hill, 1974.
5. Asimov, "Introduction to Design", Prentice Hall, 1962.
6. Robert P. Merges, Peter S. Menell, Mark A. Lemley, "Intellectual Property in New Technological Age", 2016.

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25BHS02 : ENGLISH FOR RESEARCH PAPER WRITING

Course Outcomes:

CO1: Understand the significance of writing skills and the level of readability

CO2: Analyze and write title, abstract, different sections in research paper

CO3: Develop the skills needed while writing a research paper

UNIT - I

Overview of a Research Paper- Planning and Preparation- Word Order- Useful Phrases - Breaking up Long Sentences-Structuring Paragraphs and Sentences-Being Concise and Removing Redundancy -Avoiding Ambiguity

UNIT - II

Essential Components of a Research Paper- Abstracts- Building Hypothesis-Research Problem - Highlight Findings- Hedging and Criticizing, Paraphrasing and Plagiarism, Cauterization

UNIT - III

Introducing Review of the Literature – Methodology - Analysis of the Data-Findings - Discussion- Conclusions-Recommendations.

UNIT - IV

Key skills needed for writing a Title, Abstract, and Introduction

UNIT - V

Appropriate language to formulate Methodology, incorporate Results, put forth Arguments and draw Conclusions

Suggested Reading

1. Goldbort R (2006) Writing for Science, Yale University Press (available on Google Books) Model Curriculum of Engineering & Technology PG Courses [Volume-I]
2. Day R (2006) How to Write and Publish a Scientific Paper, Cambridge University Press
3. Highman N (1998), Handbook of Writing for the Mathematical Sciences, SIAM. Highman'sbook
4. Adrian Wallwork , English for Writing Research Papers, Springer New York Dordrecht Heidelberg London, 2011

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25BST27 :DISASTER MANAGEMENT

UNIT - I

Introduction:

Disaster: Definition, Factors and Significance; Difference Between Hazard and Disaster; Natural and Manmade Disasters: Difference, Nature, Types and Magnitude.

Disaster Prone Areas in India:

Study of Seismic Zones; Areas Prone to Floods and Droughts, Landslides and Avalanches; Areas Prone to Cyclonic and Coastal Hazards with Special Reference to Tsunami; Post- Disaster Diseases and Epidemics

UNIT - II

Repercussions of Disasters and Hazards:

Economic Damage, Loss of Human and Animal Life, Destruction of Ecosystem. Natural Disasters: Earthquakes, Volcanism, Cyclones, Tsunamis, Floods, Droughts and Famines, Landslides and Avalanches, Man-made disaster: Nuclear Reactor Meltdown, Industrial Accidents, Oil Slicks and Spills, Outbreaks of Disease and Epidemics, War and Conflicts.

UNIT - III

Disaster Preparedness and Management:

Preparedness: Monitoring of Phenomena Triggering A Disaster or Hazard; Evaluation of Risk: Application of Remote Sensing, Data from Meteorological and Other Agencies, Media Reports: Governmental and Community Preparedness.

UNIT - IV

Risk Assessment Disaster Risk:

Concept and Elements, Disaster Risk Reduction, Global and National Disaster Risk Situation. Techniques of Risk Assessment, Global Co-Operation in Risk Assessment and Warning, People's Participation in Risk Assessment. Strategies for Survival.

UNIT - V

Disaster Mitigation:

Meaning, Concept and Strategies of Disaster Mitigation, Emerging Trends in Mitigation. Structural Mitigation and Non-Structural Mitigation, Programs of Disaster Mitigation in India.

Suggested Reading

1. R.Nishith, Singh AK, "Disaster Management in India: Perspectives, issues and strategies
2. "New Royal book Company.. Sahni, Pardeep Et. Al. (Eds.), "Disaster Mitigation Experiences And Reflections", Prentice Hall Of India, New Delhi.
3. Goel S.L., "Disaster Administration And Management Text And Case Studies", Deep & Deep Publication Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi

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25BHS03 : SANSKRIT FOR TECHNICAL KNOWLEDGE

Course Outcomes:

CO1: Understanding basic Sanskrit language

CO2: Ancient Sanskrit literature about science & technology can be understood

CO3: Being a logical language will help to develop logic in students

UNIT - I

Alphabets in Sanskrit,

UNIT - II

Past/Present/Future Tense, Simple Sentences

UNIT - III

Order, Introduction of roots

UNIT - IV

Technical information about Sanskrit Literature

UNIT - V

Technical concepts of Engineering-Electrical, Mechanical, Architecture, Mathematics

Suggested Reading

1. "Abhyastakam" –Dr. Vishwas, Sanskrit-Bharti Publication, New Delhi

2. "Teach Yourself Sanskrit" Prathama Deeksha- VempatiKutumbshastri, RashtriyaSanskrit Sansthanam, New Delhi Publication

3. "India's Glorious Scientific Tradition" Suresh Soni, Ocean books (P) Ltd., New Delhi

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25BCS11 : ADVANCED OPERATING SYSTEMS

Course Outcomes:

CO1: To explain the functionality of a large software system by reading its source.

CO2: To revise any algorithm present in a system.

CO3: Inter process communication mechanism

CO4: Android mobiles inner process system

UNIT - I

Basic Operating System Concepts - Overview of Unix File System - Files - Links - Types - Inodes -Access Rights - System Calls - Overview of Unix Kernels -Model - Implementation - Reentrant Kernels - Address Space - Synchronization - Interprocess Communication - Process Management - Memory Management - Device Drivers.

UNIT - II

Processes, Lightweight Processes, and Threads - Process Descriptor - State - Identifying a Process - Relationships among processes - Organization - Resource Limits - Creating Processes - System Calls - Kernel Threads - Destroying Processes -Termination - Removal.

UNIT - III

The Virtual File System (VFS) - Role - File Model -System Calls - Data Structures - Super Block, Inode, File, dentry Objects - dentry Cache - Files Associated with a Process - Filesystem Types - Special Files systems – Filesystem Type Registration – Filesystem Handling - Namespaces - Mounting – Unmounting - Implementation of VFS System Calls.

UNIT - IV

Windows Operating system - versions, Concepts and tools, Windows internals, System Architecture, Requirements and design goals, Operating system model, Architecture overview. Key system components. System mechanisms - Trap dispatching, object manager, Synchronization, System worker threads, Windows global flags, Local procedural calls, Kernevent tracing.

UNIT - V

what is android, basic building blocks – activities, services, broadcast receivers & content, ui components-views & notifications, components for communication -intents & intent filters, android api levels launching emulator editing emulator settings emulator shortcuts log cat usage, Applications of Android.

Textbooks:

1. Daniel P. Bovet and Marco Cesati, "Understanding the Linux Kernel", 3rd Edition, O'Reilly Publications, 2005.
2. Harold Abelson, Gerald Jay Sussman and Julie Sussman, —Structure and Interpretation of Computer Programs, Second Edition, Universities Press, 2013.

Reference Books:

1. Mark E. Russinovich and David A. Solomon, Microsoft Windows Internals, 4th Edition, Microsoft Press, 2004.

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25BCS12 : INTERNET OF THINGS

Course Outcomes:

- CO1:** Choose the sensors and actuators for an IOT application
- CO2:** Select protocols for a specific IOT application
- CO3:** Utilize the cloud platform and APIs for IOT applications
- CO4:** Experiment with embedded boards for creating IOT prototypes
- CO5:** Design a solution for a given IOT application
- CO6:** Establish a startup

UNIT - I

Overview of IoT:

The Internet of Things: An Overview, The Flavor of the Internet of Things, The “Internet” of “Things”, The Technology of the Internet of Things, Enchanted Objects, Who is Making the Internet of Things?
Design Principles for Connected Devices: Calm and Ambient Technology, Privacy, Web Thinking for Connected Devices, Affordances.
Prototyping: Sketching, Familiarity, Costs Vs Ease of Prototyping, Prototypes and Production, Open source Vs Close source, Tapping into the community.

UNIT - II

Embedded Devices: Electronics, Embedded Computing Basics, Arduino, Raspberry Pi, Mobile phones and tablets, Plug Computing: Always-on Internet of Things

UNIT - III

Communication in the IoT: Internet Communications: An Overview, IP Addresses, MAC Addresses, TCP and UDP Ports, Application Layer Protocols
Prototyping Online Components: Getting Started with an API, Writing a New API, Real-Time Reactions, Other Protocols Protocol

UNIT - IV

Business Models: A short history of business models, The business model canvas, Who is the business model for, Models, Funding an Internet of Things startup, Lean Startups.
Manufacturing: What are you producing, Designing kits, Designing printed circuit boards.

UNIT - V

Manufacturing continued: Manufacturing printed circuit boards, Mass-producing the case and other fixtures, Certification, Costs, Scaling up software.
Ethics: Characterizing the Internet of Things, Privacy, Control, Environment, Solutions

Textbooks:

1. Adrian McEwen, Hakim Cassimally - Designing the Internet of Things, Wiley Publications, 2012

Reference Books:

1. Haider Raad Fundamentals of IoT and Wearable Technology Design, Wiley Publications 2020.
2. Kashish Ara Shakil, Samiya Khan, Internet of Things (IoT) Concepts and Applications, Springer Publications 2020.

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25BCS13 : DEEP LEARNING

Course Outcomes:

CO1: Identify the deep learning algorithms which are more appropriate for various types of learning tasks in various domains.

CO2: Implement deep learning algorithms and solve real-world problems.

UNIT - I

Introduction: Introduction to machine learning- Linear models (SVMs and Perceptron's, logistic regression)- Intro to Neural Nets: What a shallow network computes- Training a network: loss functions, back propagation and stochastic gradient descent- Neural networks as universal function approximates.

UNIT - II

Deep Networks: History of Deep Learning- A Probabilistic Theory of Deep Learning- Back propagation and regularization, batch normalization- VC Dimension and Neural Nets-Deep Vs Shallow Networks Convolutional Networks - Generative Adversarial Networks (GAN), Semi-supervised Learning .

UNIT - III

Dimensionality Reduction: Linear (PCA, LDA) and manifolds, metric learning - Auto encoders and dimensionality reduction in networks - Introduction to Convnet - Architectures – AlexNet, VGG, Inception, ResNet - Training a Convnet: weights initialization, batch normalization, hyper parameter optimization.

UNIT - IV

Optimization and Generalization: Optimization in deep learning– Non-convex optimization for deep networks- Stochastic Optimization Generalization in neural networks- Spatial Transformer Networks- Recurrent networks, LSTM - Recurrent Neural Network Language Models- Word-Level RNNs & Deep Reinforcement Learning - Computational & Artificial Neuroscience.

UNIT - V

Case Study and Applications: Image net- Detection-Audio Wave Net-Natural Language Processing Word2Vec - Joint Detection Bio informatics- Face Recognition- Scene Understanding- Gathering Image Captions.

Textbooks:

1. "Deep Learning", Ian Goodfellow, YoshuaBengio , Aaron Courville, MIT Press 2016.

Reference Books:

1. "Neural Networks and Deep Learning A Text Book", Charu C Aggarwal, Springer International Publishing AG, Part of Springer Nature 2018.

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25BCS14 : SERVICE ORIENTED ARCHITECTURE

Course Outcomes:

- CO1:** Comprehend the need for SOA and its systematic evolution
- CO2:** Apply SOA technologies to enterprise domain
- CO3:** Design and analyse various SOA patterns and techniques
- CO4:** Compare and evaluate best strategies and practices of SOA

UNIT - I

Introducing SOA: Fundamental SOA, Common Characteristics of Contemporary SOA, Common Tangible Benefits of SOA, Common Pitfalls of Adopting SOA.

The Evolution of SOA: An SOA Timeline, The Continuing Evolution of SOA, The Roots of SOA.

UNIT - II

Web Services and Primitive SOA: The Web Services Frame Work, Services, Service Descriptions, Messaging. Web Services and Contemporary SOA (Part I-Activity management and Composition): Message Exchange Patterns, Service Activity, Coordination, Atomic Transactions, Orchestration, and Choreography.

Web Services and Contemporary SOA (Part-II-Advanced Messaging, Metadata and Security): Addressing, Reliable Messaging, Correlation, Policies, Metadata exchange, Security.

UNIT - III

Principles of Service-Oriented: Service-Oriented and the Enterprise, Anatomy of SOA, Common Principles of Service-Oriented, Interrelation between Principles of Service-Oriented, Service Orientation and Object Orientation, Native Web Services Support for Principles of Service-Oriented.

Service Layers: Service-Oriented and Contemporary SOA, Service Layer abstraction, Application Service Layer, Business Service Layer, Orchestration Service Layer, Agnostic Services, Service Layer Configuration Scenarios.

UNIT - IV

SOA Delivery Strategies: SOA Delivery Lifecycle Phases, The Top-Down Strategy, The Bottom-up Strategy, The Agile Strategy.

Service Oriented Analysis (Part I-Introduction): Introduction to Service Oriented Analysis, Benefits of a Business Centric SOA, Deriving Business Services.

Service Oriented Analysis (Part-II-Service Modelling): Service Modelling, Service Modelling Guidelines, Classifying Service Model Logic, Contrasting Service Modelling Approaches.

Service Oriented Design (Part I-Introduction): Introduction to Service-Oriented Design, WSDL Related XML Schema Language Basics, WSDL Language Basics, Service Interface Design Tools.

Service Oriented Design (Part II-SOA Composition Guidelines): SOA Composing Steps, Considerations for Choosing Service Layers, Considerations for Positioning Core SOA Standards, Considerations for Choosing SOA Extensions.

UNIT - V

Service Oriented Design (Part III- Service Design): Service Design Overview, Entity-Centric Business Service Design, Application Service Design, Task-Centric Business Service Design, Service Design Guidelines.

Service Oriented Design (Part IV-Business Process Design): WS-BPEL Language Basics, WS-Coordination Overview, Service Oriented Business Process Design.

Textbooks:

1. Service-Oriented Architecture-Concepts, Technology, and Design, Thomas Erl, Pearson Education, 2006.
2. Understanding SOA with Web Services, Eric Newcomer, Greg Lomow, Pearson Education, 2005.

Reference Books:

1. Thomas Erl; Service Oriented Architecture Concepts Technology & Design, Pearson Education Limited; 2015, ISBN-13: 9788131714904.
2. Guido Schmutz, Peter Welkenbach, Daniel Liebhart; Service Oriented Architecture An Integration Blueprint; Shroff Publishers & Distributors; 2010, ISBN-13: 9789350231081

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25BCS15 : COMPUTER VISION

Course Outcomes:

CO1: Develop the practical skills necessary to build computer vision applications.

CO2: To have gained exposure to object and scene recognition and categorization from images

UNIT - I

Overview, computer imaging systems, lenses, Image formation and sensing, Image analysis, pre-processing and Binary image analysis

UNIT - II

Edge detection, Edge detection performance, Hough transform, corner detection

UNIT - III

Segmentation, Morphological filtering, Fourier transform

UNIT - IV

Feature extraction, shape, histogram, colour, spectral, texture, using CVIPtools, Feature analysis, feature vectors, distance /similarity measures, data pre-processing

UNIT - V

Pattern Analysis:

Clustering: K-Means, K-Medoids, Mixture of Gaussians, Classification: Discriminant Function, Supervised, Un-supervised, Semi supervised

Classifiers: Bayes, KNN, ANN models; Dimensionality Reduction: PCA, LDA, ICA, and Non-parametric methods

Textbooks:

1. Computer Vision: Algorithms and Applications by Richard Szeliski.

Reference Books:

1. Deep Learning, by Goodfellow, Bengio, and Courville.
2. Dictionary of Computer Vision and Image Processing, by Fisher et al.

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25BCS16 : DATA VISUALIZATION TECHNIQUES

Course Outcomes:

- CO1:** Explain principles of visual perception
- CO2:** Apply core skills for visual analysis
- CO3:** Apply visualization techniques for various data analysis tasks
- CO4:** Design information dashboard

UNIT - I

Information visualization – effective data analysis – traits of meaningful data – visual perception – making abstract data visible – building blocks of information visualization – analytical interaction – analytical navigation – optimal quantitative scales – reference lines and regions – trellises and crosstabs – multiple concurrent views – focus and context – details on demand – over-plotting reduction – analytical patterns – pattern examples.

UNIT - II

Distribution analysis – describing distributions – distribution patterns – distribution displays – distribution analysis best practices – correlation analysis – describing correlations – correlation patterns – correlation displays – correlation analysis techniques and best practices – multivariate analysis – multivariate patterns – multivariate displays – multivariate analysis techniques and best practices.

UNIT - III

Information dashboard – Introduction– dashboard design issues and assessment of needs – Considerations for designing dashboard-visual perception – Achieving eloquence.

UNIT - IV

Advantages of Graphics _Library of Graphs – Designing Bullet Graphs – Designing Sparklines – Dashboard Display Media –Critical Design Practices – Putting it all together- Unveiling the dashboard.

UNIT - V

Plotting Geospatial Data: Introduction to Geoplotlib, Design Principles of Geoplotlib, Geospatial Visualizations, Plotting Geospatial Data on a Map Web-Based Visualizations: Concepts of Bokeh, Interfaces-Plotting and Model Interfaces, Output, Bokeh Server, Presentation, Integrating – HTML Document and Bokeh Applications

Textbooks:

1. Ben Fry, "Visualizing data: Exploring and explaining data with the processing environment", O'Reilly, 2008.
2. Mario Dobler, Tim Grobmann, "Data Visualization with Python", O'Reilly, First Edition, 2019

Reference Books:

1. Stephen Few, "Information dashboard design: Displaying data for at-a-glance monitoring", second edition, Analytics Press, 2013.

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25BCS17 : DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS

Course Outcomes:

- CO1:** Design trends in distributed systems.
- CO2:** Apply network virtualization.
- CO3:** Apply remote method invocation and objects

UNIT - I

Distributed data processing; What is a DDBS; Advantages and disadvantages of DDBS; Problem areas; Overview of database and computer network concepts

DISTRIBUTED DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE Transparencies in a distributed DBMS; Distributed DBMS architecture; Global directory issues

UNIT - II

DISTRIBUTED DATABASE DESIGN

Alternative design strategies; Distributed design issues; Fragmentation; Data Allocation

SEMANTICS DATA CONTROL

View management; Data security; Semantic Integrity Control

QUERY PROCESSING ISSUES

Objectives of query processing; Characterization of query processors; Layers of query processing; Query decomposition; Localization of distributed data

UNIT - III

Factors governing query optimization; Centralized query optimization; Ordering of fragment queries; Distributed query optimization algorithms

TRANSACTION MANAGEMENT

The transaction concept; Goals of transaction management; Characteristics of transactions; Taxonomy of transaction models

CONCURRENCY CONTROL

Concurrency control in centralized database systems; Concurrency control in DDBSs; Distributed concurrency control algorithms; Deadlock management

UNIT - IV

Reliability issues in DDBSs; Types of failures; Reliability techniques; Commit protocols; Recovery protocols

UNIT - V

PARALLEL DATABASE SYSTEMS

Parallel architectures; parallel query processing and optimization; load balancing ADVANCED

TOPICS

Mobile Databases, Distributed Object Management, Multi-databases

Textbooks:

1. Principles of Distributed Database Systems, M.T. Ozsú and P. Valduriez, Prentice-Hall, 1991.

Reference Books:

1. Distributed Database Systems, D. Bell and J. Grimson, Addison-Wesley, 1992.

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25BCS18 : PRIVACY PRESERVING DATA PUBLISHING

Course Outcomes:

- CO1:** Apply anonymization methods for sensitive data protection
- CO2:** Apply state-of-art techniques for data privacy protection
- CO3:** Design privacy preserving algorithms for real-world applications
- CO4:** Identify security and privacy issues in OLAP systems
- CO5:** Apply information metrics for Maximizing the preservation of information in the anonymization process

UNIT - I

Fundamentals of defining privacy and developing efficient algorithms for enforcing privacy, challenges in developing privacy preserving algorithms in real-world applications, privacy issues, privacy models,

UNIT - II

Anonymization operations, information metrics, Anonymization methods for the transaction data, trajectory data, social networks data, and textual data, Collaborative Anonymization,

UNIT - III

Access control of outsourced data, Use of Fragmentation and Encryption to Protect Data Privacy, Security and Privacy in OLAP systems.

UNIT - IV

Extended Data publishing Scenarios, Anonymization for Data Mining, publishing social science data,

UNIT - V

Continuous user activity monitoring (like in search logs, location traces, energy monitoring), social networks, recommendation engines and targeted advertising.

Textbooks:

1. Benjamin C.M. Fung, Ke Wang, Ada Wai-Chee Fu and Philip S. Yu, Introduction to PrivacyPreserving Data Publishing: Concepts and Techniques, 1st Edition, Chapman & Hall/CRC, 2010.

Reference Books:

1. Bee-Chung Chen, Daniel Kifer, AshwinMachanavajjhala, Kristen LeFevre Privacy-Preserving Data Publishing ,Now Publishers Inc, 2009.

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25BCS19 : ADVANCED OPERATING SYSTEMS LAB

Course Outcomes:

CO1: To revise any algorithm present in a system.

CO2: To design a new algorithm to replace an existing one.

CO3: To appropriately modify and use the data structures of the linux kernel for a different software system

List of Experiments:

1. Write programs using the following system calls of UNIX operating system: 40 fork, exec, getpid, exit, wait, close, stat, opendir, readdir
2. Write programs using the I/O system calls of UNIX operating system (open, read, write, etc)
3. Write C programs to simulate UNIX commands like ls, grep, etc.
4. Given the list of processes, their CPU burst times and arrival times, display/print the Gantt chart for FCFS and SJF. For each of the scheduling policies, compute and print the average waiting time and average turnaround time. (2 sessions)
5. Given the list of processes, their CPU burst times and arrival times, display/print the Gantt chart for Priority and Round robin. For each of the scheduling policies, compute and print the average waiting time and average turnaround time. (2 sessions)
6. Developing Application using Inter Process communication (using shared memory, pipes or message queues)
7. Implement the Producer – Consumer problem using semaphores (using UNIX system calls).

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L	T	P	C
0	0	4	2

25BCS20 :INTERNET OF THINGS LAB

Course Outcomes:

CO1: The students will be thorough about the technology behind the IOT and associated technologies

CO2: The students will be able to use the IOT technologies in practical domains of society

CO3: The students will be able to gain knowledge about the state of the art methodologies in IOT application domains.

List of Experiments:

1. Exercise on Eclipse IOT Project.
2. Experiments on few Eclipse IOT Projects.
3. Any Experiment on architecture of IOT Toolkit.
4. Exercise on smart object API Gateway service reference implementation in IOT Toolkit.
5. Experiment on HTTP-to-CoAP semantic mapping Proxy in IOT Toolkit.
6. Experiment on Gate way as a service deployment in IOT Toolkit.
7. Experiment on application framework and embedded software agents for IOT Toolkit

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L	T	P	C
2	0	0	0

25BMB02 : PEDAGOGY STUDIES

Course Outcomes:

CO1: What pedagogical practices are being used by teachers informal and informal classrooms in developing countries?

CO2: What is the evidence on the effectiveness of these pedagogical practices, in what conditions, and with what population of learners?

CO3: How can teacher education (curriculum and practicum) and the school curriculum and guidance materials best support effective pedagogy?

UNIT - I

Introduction and Methodology: Aims and rationale, Policy back ground, Conceptual frame work and terminology Theories of learning, Curriculum, Teacher education. Conceptual framework, Research questions. Overview of methodology and Searching.

UNIT - II

Thematic overview: Pedagogical practices are being used by teachers in formal and informal classrooms in developing countries. Curriculum, Teacher education.

UNIT - III

Evidence on the effectiveness of pedagogical practices, Methodology for the in depth stage: quality assessment of included studies. How can teacher education (curriculum and practicum) and the school curriculum and guidance materials best support effective pedagogy? Theory of change. Strength and nature of the body of evidence for effective pedagogical practices. Pedagogic theory and pedagogical approaches. Teachers' attitudes and beliefs and Pedagogic strategies.

UNIT - IV

Professional development: alignment with classroom practices and follow-up support, Peer support, Support from the head teacher and the community.

Curriculum and assessment, Barrier stolearning : limited resources and large class sizes

UNIT - V

Research gaps and future directions: Research design, Contexts, Pedagogy, Teacher education, Curriculum and assessment, Dissemination and research impact.

Suggested Reading

1. Ackers J, Hardman F(2001) Classroom interaction in Kenyan primary schools, Compare, 31 (2): 245-261.
2. Agrawal M(2004) Curricular reform in schools: The importance of evaluation, Journal of Curriculum Studies, 36 (3): 361-379.
3. Akyeamong K(2003) Teacher training in Ghana - does it count? Multi-site teacher education research project (MUSTER) country report 1. London: DFID.
4. Akyeamong K, Lussier K, Pryor J, Westbrook J (2013) Improving teaching and learning of basic maths and reading in Africa: Does teacher preparation count? International Journal Educational Development, 33 (3): 272-282.
5. Alexander RJ(2001) Culture and pedagogy: International comparisons in primary education. Oxford and Boston: Blackwell.
6. Chavan M (2003) Read India: A mass scale, rapid, 'learning to read' campaign.
7. www.pratham.org/images/resource%20working%20paper%202.pdf.

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L	T	P	C
2	0	0	0

25BHS04 : STRESS MANAGEMENT BY YOGA

Course Outcomes:

CO1: Develop healthy mind in a healthy body thus improving social health also

CO2: Improve efficiency

UNIT - I

Definitions of Eight parts of yog.(Ashtanga)

UNIT - II

Yam and Niyam.

UNIT - III

Do` sand Don` t` sin life.

i) Ahinsa,satya,astheya,bramhacharyaand aparigrahaii) Shaucha,santosh,tapa,swadhyay,ishwarpranidhan

UNIT - IV

Asan and Pranayam

UNIT - V

Various yogposes and their benefits formind &body

Regularization of breathing techniques and its effects-Types of pranayam

Suggested Reading

- 1.‘Yogic Asanas forGroupTarining-Part-I’: Janardan SwamiYogabhyasiMandal, Nagpur
- 2.‘Rajayogaor conquering the Internal Nature’ by Swami Vivekananda, Advaita Ashrama (Publication Department), Kolkata

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L	T	P	C
2	0	0	0

25BHS05 : PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT THROUGH LIFE ENLIGHTENMENT SKILLS

Course Outcomes:

CO1: Study of Shrimad-Bhagwad-Geeta will help the student in developing his personality and achieve the highest goal in life

CO2: The person who has studied Geeta will lead the nation and mankind to peace and prosperity

CO3: Study of Neeti shatakam will help in developing versatile personality of students

UNIT - I

Neetisatakam- Holistic development of personality

Verses-19,20,21,22(wisdom)

Verses-29,31,32(pride &heroism)

Verses-26,28,63,65(virtue)

UNIT - II

Neetisatakam- Holistic development of personality

Verses-52,53,59(dont's)

Verses-71,73,75,78(do's)

UNIT - III

Approach to day to day work and duties.

ShrimadBhagwadGeeta:Chapter2-Verses41,47,48,

Chapter3-Verses13,21,27,35,Chapter6-Verses5,13,17,23,35,

Chapter18-Verses45,46,48.

UNIT - IV

Statements of basic knowledge.

Shrimad Bhagwad Geeta:Chapter2-Verses 56,62,68

Chapter12 -Verses13,14,15,16,17,18

Personality of Role model. Shrimad Bhagwad Geeta:

UNIT - V

Chapter2-Verses 17,Chapter3-Verses36,37,42,

Chapter4-Verses18,38,39

Chapter18- Verses37,38,63

Suggested Reading

1. "Srimad Bhagavad Gita" by Swami Swarupananda Advaita Ashram (Publication Department), Kolkata
2. Bhartrihari's Three Satakam (Niti-sringar-vairagya) by P.Gopinath, RashtriyaSanskrit Sansthanam, New Delhi.

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L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

25BCS22 : SOFTWARE DEFINED NETWORKS

Course Outcomes:

CO1: Differentiate between traditional networks and software defined networks and understand the key benefits and use cases of SDN.

CO2: Interpret the SDN data plane devices and OpenFlow Protocols

CO3: Implement the operation of SDN control plane with different controllers

CO4: Apply techniques that enable applications to control the underlying network using SDN

CO5: Evaluate Network Functions Virtualization components and their roles in SDN

UNIT - I

Evolving network requirements-The SDN Approach: Requirements, SDN Architecture, Characteristics of Software-Defined Networking, SDN and NFV-Related Standards: Standards-Developing Organizations, Industry Consortia, Open Development Initiatives.

UNIT - II

SDN data plane: Data plane Functions, Data plane protocols, Open flow logical network Device: Flow table Structure, Flow Table Pipeline, The Use of Multiple Tables, Group Table- Open Flow Protocol.

UNIT - III

SDN Control Plane Architecture: Control Plane Functions, Southbound Interface, Northbound Interface, Routing, ITU-T Model- OpenDaylight-REST- Cooperation and Coordination Among Controllers

UNIT - IV

SDN Application Plane Architecture: Northbound Interface, Network Applications, User Interface- Network Services Abstraction Layer: Abstractions in SDN, Frenetic- Traffic Engineering Measurement and Monitoring Security- Data Centre Networking- Mobility and Wireless.

UNIT - V

Background and Motivation for NFV- Virtual Machines- NFV Concepts: Simple Example of the Use of NFV, NFV Principles, High-Level NFV Framework, NFV Benefits and Requirements- NFV Reference Architecture: NFV Management and Orchestration

Textbooks:

1. Paul Goransson Chuck Black Timothy Culver: Software Defined Networks: A Comprehensive Approach, Morgan Kaufmann, 2016.
2. Ken Gray Thomas Nadeau: Network Function Virtualization, Morgan Kaufmann, 2016.

Reference Books:

1. Larry Peterson , Carmelo Cascone , Bruce Davie: Software-Defined Networks: A Systems Approach, Systems Approach, 2021

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L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

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II M.Tech-III Semester (CSE)

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

25BDS22 : REINFORCEMENT LEARNING

Course Outcomes:

- CO1:** Formulate Reinforcement Learning problems
- CO2:** Apply various Tabular Solution Methods to Markov Reward Process Problems
- CO3:** Apply various Iterative Solution methods to Markov Decision Process Problems
- CO4:** Comprehend Function approximation methods

UNIT - I

Introduction: Introduction to Reinforcement Learning (RL) – Difference between RL and Supervised Learning, RL and Unsupervised Learning. Elements of RL, Markov property, Markov chains, Markov reward process (MRP).

UNIT - II

Evaluative Feedback - Multi-Arm Bandit Problem: An n-Armed Bandit Problem, Exploration vs Exploitation principles, Action value methods, Incremental Implementation, tracking a non-stationary problem, optimistic initial values, upper-confidence-bound action selection, Gradient Bandits. Introduction to and proof of Bellman equations for MRP

UNIT - III

Introduction to Markov decision process (MDP), state and action value functions, Bellman expectation equations, optimality of value functions and policies, Bellman optimality equations. Dynamic Programming (DP): Overview of dynamic programming for MDP, principle of optimality, Policy Evaluation, Policy Improvement, policy iteration, value iteration, asynchronous DP , Generalized Policy Iteration.

UNIT - IV

Monte Carlo Methods for Prediction and Control: Overview of Monte Carlo methods for model free RL, Monte Carlo Prediction, Monte Carlo estimation of action values, Monte Carlo Control, On policy and off policy learning, Importance sampling. Temporal Difference Methods: TD Prediction, Optimality of TD(0), TD Control methods - SARSA, Q-Learning and their variants.

UNIT - V

Eligibility traces: n-Step TD Prediction, Forward and Backward view of TD(λ), Equivalence of forward and backward view, Sarsa(λ), Watkins's Q(λ), Off policy eligibility traces using importance of sampling. Function Approximation Methods: Value prediction with function approximation, gradient descent methods, Linear methods, control with function approximation.

Textbooks:

1. Richard S. Sutton and Andrew G. Barto, Reinforcement Learning: An Introduction", 2nd Edition, The MIT Press.
2. CsabaSzepesvari – Algorithms for Reinforcement Learning – Morgan & Claypool, 2010.

Reference Books:

1. Reinforcement Learning By Richard S. (University Of Alberta) Sutton,Andrew G. (Co-Director Autonomous Learning Laboratory) Barto

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II M.Tech-III Semester (CSE)

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

25BDS10 : DATA ANALYTICS

Course Outcomes:

CO1: Understand the ideas of statistical approaches to learning

CO2: Understand the significance of exploratory data analysis (EDA) in data science and apply basic tools (plots, graphs, summary statistics) to perform EDA

CO3: Apply basic machine learning algorithms (Linear Regression, k-Nearest Neighbors (k-NN), k-means, Naive Bayes) for predictive modeling. Explore the merits of Naive Bayes technique

CO4: Recognize the characteristics of machine learning techniques that are useful to solve real-world problems

UNIT - I

Introduction: What is Data Science? Big Data and Data Science hype and getting past the hype, Why now?, Datafication, Current landscape of perspectives, Skill sets, Life cycle of Data Science, Different phases.

UNIT - II

Exploratory Data Analysis and the Data Science Process: Basic tools (plots, graphs and summary statistics) of EDA, Philosophy of EDA, The Data Science Process, Case Study: RealDirect (online real estate firm), Three Basic Machine Learning Algorithms: Linear Regression, k-Nearest Neighbours (k-NN), k-means.

UNIT - III

One More Machine Learning Algorithm and Usage in Applications: Motivating application: Filtering Spam, Why Linear Regression and k-NN are poor choices for Filtering Spam, Naive Bayes and why it works for Filtering Spam, Data Wrangling: APIs and other tools for scrapping the Web, Feature Generation and Feature Selection (Extracting Meaning From Data), Motivating application: user (customer) retention,

UNIT - IV

Feature Generation (brainstorming, role of domain expertise, and place for imagination), Feature Selection algorithms: Filters; Wrappers; Decision Trees; Random Forests, Recommendation Systems: Building a User-Facing Data Product: Algorithmic ingredients of a Recommendation Engine, Dimensionality Reduction, Singular Value Decomposition, Principal Component Analysis, Exercise: build your own recommendation system.

UNIT - V

Data Visualization: Basic principles, ideas and tools for data visualization, Case study on industry projects, Exercise: create your own visualization of a complex dataset, Data Science and Ethical Issues: Discussions on privacy, security, ethics, A look back at Data Science, Next-generation data scientists.

Textbooks:

1. Cathy O'Neil and Rachel Schutt. Doing Data Science, Straight Talk From The Frontline. O'Reilly, 2014.
2. Jure Leskovek, AnandRajaraman and Jerrey Ullman. Mining of Massive Datasets, Cambridge University Press, 2014.

Reference Books:

1. Kevin P. Murphy. Machine Learning: A Probabilistic Perspective. MIT Press, 2013.
2. Foster Provost and Tom Fawcett. Data Science for Business: What You Need to Know about Data Mining and Data-analytic Thinking. O'Reilly, 2013.
3. Trevor Hastie, Robert Tibshirani and Jerome Friedman. Elements of Statistical Learning, Second Edition. Springer, 2009.
4. Avrim Blum, John Hopcroft and RavindranKannan. Foundations of Data Science.2018.
5. Mohammed J. Zaki and Wagner Miera Jr. Data Mining and Analysis: Fundamental Concepts and Algorithms. Cambridge University Press, 2014.
6. Jiawei Han, MichelineKamber and Jian Pei. Data Mining: Concepts and Techniques, Third Edition. Morgan Kaufmann, 2011.

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II M.Tech-III Semester (CSE)

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

25BCM27 : INDUSTRIAL SAFETY

Course Outcomes:

CO1: To list out important legislations related to health, Safety and Environment.

CO2: To list out requirements mentioned in factories act for the prevention of accidents.

CO3: To understand the health and welfare provisions given in factories act.

UNIT - I

Industrial safety: Accident, causes, types, results and control, mechanical and electrical hazards, types, causes and preventive steps/procedure, describe salient points of factories act 1948 for health and safety, wash rooms, drinking water layouts, light, cleanliness, fire, guarding, pressure vessels, etc, Safety color codes. Fire prevention and firefighting, equipment and methods.

UNIT - II

Fundamentals of maintenance engineering: Definition and aim of maintenance engineering, Primary and secondary functions and responsibility of maintenance department, Types of maintenance, Types and applications of tools used for maintenance, Maintenance cost & its relation with replacement economy, Service life of equipment.

UNIT - III

Wear and Corrosion and their prevention: Wear- types, causes, effects, wear reduction methods, lubricants- types and applications, Lubrication methods, general sketch, working and applications, i. Screw down grease cup, ii. Pressure grease gun, iii. Splash lubrication, iv. Gravity lubrication, v. Wick feed lubrication vi. Side feed lubrication, vii. Ring lubrication, Definition, principle and factors affecting the corrosion. Types of corrosion, corrosion prevention methods.

UNIT - IV

Fault tracing: Fault tracing-concept and importance, decision tree concept, need and applications, sequence of fault finding activities, show as decision tree, draw decision tree for problems in machine tools, hydraulic, pneumatic, automotive, thermal and electrical equipment's like, I. Any one machine tool, ii. Pump iii. Air compressor, iv. Internal combustion engine, v. Boiler, vi. Electrical motors, Types of faults in machine tools and their general causes.

UNIT - V

Periodic and preventive maintenance: Periodic inspection-concept and need, degreasing, cleaning and repairing schemes, overhauling of mechanical components, overhauling of electrical motor, common troubles and remedies of electric motor, repair complexities and its use, definition, need, steps and advantages of preventive maintenance. Steps/procedure for periodic and preventive maintenance of: I. Machine tools, ii. Pumps, iii. Air compressors, iv. Diesel generating (DG) sets, Program and schedule of preventive maintenance of mechanical and electrical equipment, advantages of preventive maintenance. Repair cycle concept and importance

Textbooks:

1. Maintenance Engineering Handbook, Higgins & Morrow, Da Information Services.
2. Maintenance Engineering, H. P. Garg, S. Chand and Company.

Reference Books:

1. Pump-hydraulic Compressors, Audels, Mcgrew Hill Publication.
2. Foundation Engineering Handbook, Winterkorn, Hans, Chapman & Hall London.

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II M.Tech-III Semester (CSE)

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

25BMB04 : BUSINESS ANALYTICS

Course Outcomes:

- CO1:** Students will demonstrate knowledge of data analytics.
- CO2:** Students will demonstrate the ability of think critically in making decisions based on data and deep analytics.
- CO3:** Students will demonstrate the ability to use technical skills in predicative and prescriptive modeling to support business decision-making.
- CO4:** Students will demonstrate the ability to translate data into clear, actionable insights.

UNIT - I

Business Analysis: Overview of Business Analysis, Overview of Requirements, Role of the Business Analyst. Stakeholders: the project team, management, and the front line, Handling Stakeholder Conflicts.

UNIT - II

Life Cycles: Systems Development Life Cycles, Project Life Cycles, Product Life Cycles, Requirement Life Cycles.

UNIT - III

Forming Requirements: Overview of Requirements, Attributes of Good Requirements, Types of Requirements, Requirement Sources, Gathering Requirements from Stakeholders, Common Requirements Documents. Transforming Requirements: Stakeholder Needs Analysis, Decomposition Analysis, Additive/Subtractive Analysis, Gap Analysis, Notations (UML & BPMN), Flowcharts, Swim Lane Flowcharts, Entity-Relationship Diagrams, State-Transition Diagrams, Data Flow Diagrams, Use Case Modeling, Business Process Modeling

UNIT - IV

Finalizing Requirements: Presenting Requirements, Socializing Requirements and Gaining Acceptance, Prioritizing Requirements. Managing Requirements Assets: Change Control, Requirements Tools

UNIT - V

Recent Trands in: Embedded and colleborative business intelligence, Visual data recovery, Data Storytelling and Data Journalism.

Textbooks:

1. Business Analysis by James Cadle et al.
2. Project Management: The Managerial Process by Erik Larson and, Clifford Gray

Reference Books:

1. Business analytics Principles, Concepts, and Applications by Marc J. Schniederjans, Dara G. Schniederjans, Christopher M. Starkey, Pearson FT Press.
2. Business Analytics by James Evans, persons Education.

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L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

25BCS23 : OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES

Course Outcomes:

CO1: Explain the fundamental knowledge of Linear Programming and Dynamic Programming problems.

CO2: Use classical optimization techniques and numerical methods of optimization.

CO3: Describe the basics of different evolutionary algorithms.

CO4: Enumerate fundamentals of Integer programming technique and apply different techniques to solve various optimization problems arising from engineering areas

UNIT - I

LINEAR PROGRAMMING (L.P):

Revised Simplex Method, Dual simplex Method, Sensitivity Analysis **DYNAMIC**

PROGRAMMING (D.P):

Multistage decision processes. Concepts of sub optimization, Recursive Relation-calculus method, tabular method, LP as a case of D.P.

UNIT - II

CLASSICAL OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES:

Single variable optimization without constraints, Multi variable optimization without constraints, multivariable optimization with constraints – method of Lagrange multipliers, Kuhn-Tucker conditions.

NUMERICAL METHODS FOR OPTIMIZATION:

Nelder Mead's Simplex search method, Gradient of a function, Steepest descent method, Newton's method

UNIT - III

MODERN METHODS OF OPTIMIZATION:

GENETIC ALGORITHM (GA):

Differences and similarities between conventional and evolutionary algorithms, working principle, Genetic Operators- reproduction, crossover, mutation

GENETIC PROGRAMMING (GP):

Principles of genetic programming, terminal sets, functional sets, differences between GA & GP, Random population generation. Fuzzy Systems: Fuzzy set Theory, Optimization of Fuzzy systems

UNIT - IV

INTEGER PROGRAMMING:

Graphical Representation, Gomory's Cutting Plane Method, Balas' Algorithm for Zero-One Programming, Branch-and-Bound Method

UNIT - V

APPLICATIONS OF OPTIMIZATION IN DESIGN AND MANUFACTURING SYSTEMS:

Formulation of model- optimization of path synthesis of a four-bar mechanism, minimization of weight of a cantilever beam, general optimization model of a machining process, optimization of arc welding parameters, and general procedure in optimizing machining operations sequence.

Textbooks:

1. Engineering Optimization (4th Edition) by S.S.Rao, New Age International,

Reference Books:

1. Optimization for Engineering Design by Kalyanmoy Deb, PHI Publishers
2. Genetic algorithms in Search, Optimization, and Machine learning – D.E.Goldberg, Addison-Wesley Publishers
3. Operations Research by Hillar and Liberman, TMH Publishers
4. Optimal design – Jasbir Arora, McGraw Hill (International) Publisher

